

The Bow Valley Call

Devoted to the Up-Building of Gleichen and the Development of the District Generally

Year VI., No. 19

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1913

Per Year \$1.50

Successful Base Ball Tournament

The Gleichen two-days' baseball tournament proved very exciting, Langdon getting away with first money, and Gleichen second. It was a complete success, and provided two days of about the very best sport ever witnessed in Gleichen. Of course, there were some regrettable features, but considering that it was the first tournament held in the Bow Valley, such things were to be expected. It is not proposed to go into details for the reason that the CALL usually goes to press at noon Wednesday, but has delayed a day this week in order to give a report of the games.

The Gleichen team entertained their guests royally, paying the hotel expenses of the defeated visiting teams for both days, admitting all participants free to the grounds as well as to the show in the Opera House Tuesday evening and a dance each night, and all went away well pleased with the treatment accorded them, and admitted Gleichen has a diamond that can hardly be excelled in Alberta.

R.F. Tomlinson of Medicine Hat umpired all the games, and although at times there was some pretty hard kicking on his decisions, he managed to escape without injury. It may be said he should have been allowed an umpire of bases.

We give the official scores and a summary of the games.

Tuesday Afternoon
Strathmore 5; Brooks 2—that is the result of the first game of the tournament, which was played Tuesday afternoon.

Percy Smith held down the slab for Strathmore, and held it down beautifully, allowing only three scattered hits during the entire nine innings. His team mates furnished great support, only two errors being chalked up against them. Dowell, the Brooks' pitcher, was touched up for seven safeties, one of them a two-bagger—and six costly errors behind him turned those hits into runs.

However, it was an interesting game and full of action from start to finish. Chatman's running stab of a long infield pop-up robbed Thompson of a hit and Brooks made what is said to have been the longest hit ever smashed out on the local diamond, the ball sailing over the race track. Strathmore worked the squeeze play twice, scoring each time.

Home run, Evans; two bagger, Smith; stolen bases, Connelley; sacrifice hits, Vallint 2, Pollock. Struck out by Dowell 6, by Smith, 7. Double plays, Thompson-Connelley-Larson; Earned runs, Brooks 1.

Brooks—ab r h po a e
Ekiner cf..... 4 0 0 1 0 0
Connelley ss..... 4 0 1 1 2 0
Evans lf..... 4 1 1 0 0 0
Underwood 3b..... 3 1 1 0 1 3
Larson 1b..... 4 0 0 15 0 2
Leas c..... 2 0 0 6 1 0
Thompson 2b..... 3 0 0 3 5 1
Channell rf..... 3 0 0 1 1 0
Dowell p..... 3 0 0 0 7 0
Totals..... 30 2 3 27 17 6

Strathmore—ab r h po a e
Baxter 1b..... 4 1 2 14 0 0
Vallint 2b..... 2 1 0 1 3 1
Bried 3b..... 4 0 0 1 2 0
Ward c..... 3 0 0 8 1 0
Chatman ss..... 4 0 0 1 1 1
Smith p..... 4 1 2 0 4 0
Pollock rf..... 3 1 1 2 0 0
J. Anderson cf..... 4 1 2 0 0 0
McMann lf..... 3 0 0 0 0 0
Totals..... 31 5 7 27 11 2

Tuesday Evening
After supper Langdon and Strathmore contended for honors. Frink, pitching for Langdon, fanned seventeen of his opponents, and Langdon won—score 3 to 1.

It was some exhibition, neither team being able to get a man across the pan during the first six innings. Then, kindly assisted by two errors, Langdon pulled off a three-bagger and a sacrifice fly, netting two runs.

Strathmore came back in the eighth and placed two pretty singles for a run. A mix-up among the Langdon infielders aided in the scoring. In the first half of the ninth Langdon found Bried for a three bagger and a single, adding another run to their lead and cinching the game.

Aside from the strike-out record of Frink, the game was featured by Jerry Anderson's one-handed catch of a short out-field fly, and three double plays by Langdon. Rowe and Frink were a tower of strength, both as a battery and as run-getters, they crossing the home base with all three of Langdon's runs. They are from Calgary.

The official score:

Langdon—AB R H PO A E
Tarrant, 1b..... 4 0 0 6 0 0
Myers, lf..... 4 0 0 0 0 0
Rowe, c..... 4 2 2 19 2 0
Frink, p..... 4 1 1 1 1 0
Ballentyne 3b..... 3 0 1 1 2 0
Besse 2b..... 4 0 0 0 1 0
Webb cf..... 3 0 1 0 0 1
Moe rf..... 3 0 0 1 1 0
Peterson ss..... 3 0 0 0 0 0
Totals..... 32 3 5 27 7 1

Strathmore—AB R H PO A E
Baxter, 1b..... 4 0 1 8 0 0
Bried, p..... 4 0 2 2 3 0
Smith, lf..... 4 0 1 2 0 0
Vallint 2b..... 4 0 1 0 2 1
Chatman, ss..... 4 0 1 1 0 0
Ward, c..... 3 0 0 9 0 0
Pollock, 3b..... 3 0 0 3 3 1
J. Anderson cf..... 3 1 1 2 0 0
McMann rf..... 3 0 0 0 0 2
Totals..... 32 1 7 27 8 4

Three base hits: Rowe 2, Frink. Two bagger Webb. Stolen bases, Tarrant, Webb, Smith. Double plays, Moe-Tarrant, Frink-Tarrant, Rowe-Ballentyne. Struck out by Frink 17, by Bried 8. Earned runs, Langdon 2. Left on bases, Strathmore 4, Langdon 3.

Score by innings—

Langdon..... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1—3
Strathmore..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1

Wednesday Afternoon
This game, Gleichen versus Cluny, was a comedy of errors and a swat-fest combined, Gleichen winning 25 to 2. Cluny's big southpaw, Johnson, had thirteen errors behind him, but pitched fairly good ball at times. He was followed in the 6th inning by K. Stumpf. The Cluny boys deserve credit for their gameness, at least. Munn caught nearly the entire festivity with a badly injured finger.

The official score was:

Gleichen—AB R H PO A E
Renard 3b..... 4 1 1 3 3 3
C. Stumpf ss..... 4 0 1 0 3 2
Forsyth 1b..... 4 1 0 8 0 3
Service 1b..... 1 0 0 1 0 0
J. Stumpf lf..... 3 0 1 0 0 1
Ross cf..... 4 0 1 1 1 0
Allen rf..... 2 0 0 0 0 0
Brady 2b..... 3 0 1 3 0 4
Munn c..... 3 0 1 6 2 0
Johnson p..... 3 0 0 0 4 0
Totals..... 31 2 6 22 13 13

Gleichen—AB R H PO A E
J. McArthur cf..... 4 2 1 9 1 0
E. McArthur cf..... 0 1 0 0 0 0
Wilson p..... 4 4 2 0 6 1
Terrant ss..... 5 2 1 2 4 1
Wade 1b..... 5 4 2 12 0 0
B. McArthur c..... 5 1 1 9 2 0
Mace lf..... 5 3 2 0 1 0
Williams 2b..... 5 3 3 3 2 0
Lupton 3b..... 5 3 4 1 0 1
Demarest rf..... 5 2 2 0 0 0
Totals..... 44 25 18 27 16 3

*Mace out for bunting 3rd strike. Williams out for not running.

Score by innings—
Gleichen..... 6 2 3 3 9 0 0 2—25
Cluny..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Wednesday Evening

The final game of the tournament brought out a record-breaking crowd and excitement was at a white heat. Langdon won 8 to 2.

First Inning

Gleichen at bat. J. McArthur, first up, put a two bagger to left field and was sacrificed to third by Wilson and came home on a squeeze play, Terrant being out. Wade was out on a pop-up to third.

For Langdon, Tarrant and Rowe drew passes and Myers was hit by the pitcher, filling the bases. Frink drove a hot one to Lupton, who couldn't hold it and Tarrant scored. Ballentyne fanned. Besse grounded to Tarrant who pegged home on a force out. Webb fanned.

Second Inning

B. McArthur singled to center. Mace fanned. Williams hit safely to left. Lupton out for throwing bat and Demarest fanned.

Langdon went out one, two, three by the strike-out route.

Third Inning

J. McArthur out second to first. Wilson flied out to first. Terrant connected for a pretty two bagger to right. Wade struck out.

Myers out, Williams to Wade. Rowe and Frink each got a three-bagger and Besse a single, counting two scores. Two more strike-outs.

Fourth Inning

B. McArthur, Mace and Williams struck out.

J. McArthur's finger, which had been injured in the afternoon, forced him to retire from the box. Wilson who already had pitched the most of the afternoon's game, went in.

Moe struck out. Peterson out. Williams to Wade, and Tarrant's pop-fly was caught by Terrant.

Fifth Inning

Lupton flied out to second. Demarest and J. McArthur whiffed.

Myers hit to right, Rowe bunted and beat it out. Frink was caught out by Lupton. Ballentyne out to Wilson to Wade. Besse fanned.

Sixth Inning

Wilson got a two-bagger to left field and Terrant sacrificed him to third. Wade struck out. Wilson stole home, and B. McArthur was caught out by the second baseman.

Webb out, Terrant to Wade, Moe put a hot one through short but was caught trying to pilfer second. Peterson flied out to center.

Seventh Inning

Mace fanned, Williams was out pitcher to first, and Lupton's fly was caught in right field.

Tarrant fouled to Wade. Myers poled out a long foul which Demarest caught. Wilson muffed Rowe's grounder, and Langdon got three hits in a row, scoring Rowe and filling the bases. Then Webb's hot one looked like a hit, but Wade stuck it, retiring the side.

Eighth Inning

Demarest out, second to first, and J. McArthur struck out. Wilson and Terrant connected for singles. Wade struck out.

Tarrant flied out to Demarest. Peterson got on by Lupton's error. Moe, Myers and Rowe biffed the leather for singles, scoring two. At this point Terrant and Wilson changed positions. A passed ball and Frink's hit scored two more. Ballentyne fanned and Frink was forced at second.

Official score—
Gleichen—AB R H PO A E
J. McArthur p-cf..... 4 1 1 1 0 0
Wilson cf-p-ss..... 3 1 2 0 1 1
Terrant ss-p..... 3 0 2 1 2 0
Wade 1b..... 4 0 0 6 0 0
B. McArthur c..... 4 0 1 11 1 0
Mace lf..... 4 0 0 0 0 0
Williams 2b..... 4 0 2 2 2 0
Lupton 3b..... 4 0 0 1 1 1
Demarest rf..... 3 0 0 2 0 0
Totals..... 33 2 8 24 7 2

Langdon—AB R H PO A E
Tarrant 1b..... 4 1 0 9 0 0
Myers lf..... 4 1 2 0 0 0
Rowe c..... 4 3 3 13 0 0
Frink p..... 5 1 4 0 4 0
Ballentyne 3b..... 5 0 1 1 0 0
Besse 2b..... 5 0 2 2 3 0
Webb cf..... 4 0 0 0 0 0
Moe rf..... 4 1 2 1 0 0
Peterson ss..... 4 1 0 0 1 0
Totals..... 39 8 14 26 8 0

Score by innings—
Langdon..... 1 0 2 0 0 1 4 X—8
Gleichen..... 1 0 0 0 1 0 0—2

*Lupton out for throwing bat.

Summary—Three base hits, Rowe, Frink. Two base hits, J. McArthur, Tarrant; struck out by Frink 12, by J. McArthur 7 in four innings, by Wilson 1 in 3 innings, by Terrant 1 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits, Wilson, Tarrant, Rowe. Stolen bases, Wilson, Besse. Left on bases Langdon 10, Gleichen 6.

Nearing Harvest

The music of the binder will be heard within a fortnight. It is the loveliest and sweetest note heard on the broad expanse of the prairies and this year it will be more appreciated than ever.

No the CALL is not talking about a "big bumper crop" for this year—just a "fair crop"—that is all. But a fair crop means a whole lot just now, and, perhaps, more business to the acre than some of our eastern readers can believe.

Oh, yes, it means that in some places hail has done some damage, others the crop on stubble is poor, still others summer fallow was neglected last year with present loss.

And it also means that on breaking there are "bumper crops," on summer fallow, good crops, on stubble, in some instances, fairly good crops.

It should also mean that prices for grain this fall will be high, but then that is up to just how the elevator people can manipulate the market—and at present the prospects are good for the farmer.

Latter Day Saints

Successful Picnic

The Latter Day Saints of Gleichen held a picnic last Thursday at the Bow River to commemorate the anniversary of the day on which their pioneer fathers entered the great Salt Lake Valley under the leadership of Brigham Young, after the long weary march from Council Bluffs.

There were in the neighborhood of 100 present and a most enjoyable time was spent. There being races and sports indulged in.

The story as told by a bishop is an interesting one of how the Mormons had come to seek a new home in the great desert west, sixty-six years ago, how they had been persecuted in Missouri and Illinois, and of the incidents that lead up to their determination to move to a place where they could worship God according to their belief. He told of the departure, the frequent stops, the hardship, misery and trials suffered on the long journey, but how the caravans

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MISCELLANEOUS

Small Ads under 100 words cost 10 cents for first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion. No charge for copy. Unless the number of issues are given with each order ads are left in until ordered out and charged for in full.

LOST—Photo mare, red and white with coll. Mare branded on right hip 6. Also crowfoot on left shoulder. Reward \$10.—Fred Boisvert, Cluny. 1

FOR SALE—Complete furnishings of a nine-room boarding and rooming house. Everything in best condition. House can be rented, if desired, or bought. Inquire at CALL office. 18tf

FOR SALE—Wicker baby carriage, kitchen table, child's high chair, fruit jars, etc. Apply Box 13, CALL office. 18tf

\$10 REWARD each for the recovery of three gelding saddle horses, branded 33 on left shoulder. Owner of all cattle branded A on left ribs. J. V. Drumheller, GO Ranch, Cayley. 18tf

FOR SALE—5 Passenger Overland car. Perfect running order. Fully equipped. Will trade for stock. —G. P. Muir, Gleichen. 18td

LOST—Bay colt gelding three years old. Branded 55 on right shoulder. \$5 reward for return to W. Hayes, 4 miles north of Gleichen. 18tf

ESTRAY—Bay mare about 12 years old, weight about 850 pounds. Has small white spot on end of nose. Branded crowfoot on left shoulder and M4 on left thigh. Good saddle mare. Return to D. C. West at Gleichen; Ostlin Brown at Queensdown, or to Jos Hester. 18-20tf

FOR SALE—Good well bred bull three year old. Price \$80 for quick sale. Apply to Alfred Belley, Gleichen, or 319 13th Ave East, Calgary. 18tf

\$50 REWARD will be paid by the undersigned for information that will lead to the conviction of any person or persons who drive off the open range, take, keep retain, or otherwise control services of any bull or bulls branded as follows: M2 on left ribs or left hip, or both left ribs and left hip, from July 1st 1913, to Nov. 15, 1913.—F. A. McHugh & Sons, per Walter J. McHugh Address, Blind Creek P.O., Alta. 18tf

Miss Poelzer has opened a dress making establishment on Railroad street at the residence of Mrs. W.C. Johnson, Gleichen. 20

Mrs. J. Koefoed returned Monday night from a visit to relatives in Montana. Her friends are pleased to see her back looking well as she went there for the benefit of her health which is greatly improved.

The rain Monday night and Tuesday morning proved most beneficial to the crops in this district, as it has since been followed by warm weather and plenty of sunshine.

Subscribe for The CALL!

PEOPLE'S PULPIT.



Sermon by
**CHARLES T.
RUSSELL**
Pastor Brooklyn
Tabernacle.

IF WE DENY HIM
HE WILL DENY US

Repudiation of Christ is a
Growing Sin—A Note of
Warning Sounded.

Dallas, Texas. —The widely known Pastor C. T. Russell, spoke twice here to-day. We report his discourse from the words of St. Paul, "If we deny Him, He also will deny us." (2 Timothy 2:12.) The address which we are not reporting was the more public one. The Pastor is in the sixties, white-haired, and of kindly, earnest speech which convinces the hearer of his sincerity. He said:

One of old prayed, "Give me neither poverty nor riches; lest I be full, and deny Thee, and say, Who is the Lord? or lest I be poor, and steal, and take the name of the Lord my God in vain." (Proverbs 30:8, 9.) Great riches have come to the world within the past sixty years, especially in Europe and America. Instead of the hearts of the prosperous uplifting with gratitude to God, the tendency seems to be away from God, and especially away from His Son, and away from all special thought of a share in His redemptive work, or a need of it. The pleasures of this life crowd out all pleasure in respect to future hopes and prospects.

There was a time when miserliness and hoarding seemed to have control of all business men. But with the growth of wealth have come sinner and more reasonable views of justice. The folly of merely accumulating money and leaving it to others to squander has impressed men of wealth. The rich of America and Europe are giving themselves more leisure in the prime of life, and giving room for others to take their places in the commercial world. However, especially in America, there seems to be a restlessness which, turned aside from business, leads into headlong pleasure-seeking.

It cannot be disputed that activity is life, that inactivity spells death. None could wish that our great business men would become sluggards. Our wish should rather be that their maturer years might be gratuitously devoted to the promotion of philanthropic plans for the aid of the lower classes, along social and economic lines. It is our conviction that millions of money besides their own would flow into such hands for disbursement along broadly economic lines. The motives would be disinterested unless the projects were conducted on the highest plane of benevolence, with open accounts.

There is room for such benevolences in every land, but nowhere is it more needed than in countries under British and American control—where commercialism has absorbed some of the ablest talent, leaving comparatively little opportunity for the less progressive. All over Great Britain and in nearly every state of the Union there are splendid opportunities for such beneficent works. When these civilized lands have been blessed, there are the teeming millions in India, which merely exist under conditions not fit for a good dog.

All these are our brethren of the one blood, St. Paul declares. No one will dispute the necessities of the case. The sympathetic are greatly appalled by the thought of the amount of money and labor that would be necessary to cope with the conditions. Methinks that Heaven looks interestedly on to note how our showers of blessings and riches are affecting our hearts, said the Pastor.

I am not judging the wealthy. I am merely sounding a note of warning, as the Apostle Paul urged, saying, Warn those who are rich in this world that they trust not in uncertain riches. (1 Timothy 6:17.) I believe that amongst the rich there are many noble, benevolent Christian hearts which are in perplexity as to what to do or not to do, with their time and their riches. I am merely offering suggestions based upon my observation in all parts of the world. The need is tremendous.

It seems to me that the Lord, in pouring upon the professed Christian people so great wealth as has come to them in recent years, is proving them, testing them. Inasmuch as they do or do not according to their opportunities and judgment, they will hear or not hear the Master's "Well done, thou good and faithful servant." Let us make no mistake. The poor and less prosperous and educated are fast following the example set by the satisfied. Pleasure-seeking is the trend of the whole world. God is being forgotten by the poorer, as well as by the wealthier, and the end of the lane is not far off—a time of trouble such as never was since there was a nation.—world-wide anarchy.—Daniel 12:1.

With the awakening of true Christianity—heart Christianity—has come a substitute, namely, Churchianity. For years Christian faith has been gradually declining, under the attacks of Higher Criticism, Evolution, and under the neutralizing influence of the love of pleasure. Gradually one Bible doctrine after another has been quietly dropped, while Churchianity has been brought to the front more and more as a form of godliness, but wholly destitute of its power.

Conditions in Great Britain and America are serious indeed, yet not to be compared with the conditions of the Germanic and Latin nations. In France probably not more than two per cent of the population have any real faith, in Germany probably less than ten per cent. In America probably not more than twenty per

cent, and in Great Britain probably not more than thirty per cent, still trust in the living God, and a still smaller per cent regard the Bible as His inspired Message, and seek to be guided thereby. How short a distance the world has to go to ignore it entirely!

To the question, the Pastor said, two answers might be given: one answer might be that all civilized people claim to be Christians. In other words, the term Christianity has been substituted for civilization in the minds of the people. As one gentleman replied to this question: "We are certainly not Jews, nor heathens, I reckon therefore we must be Christians."

The other answer to the question, the Pastor said, was that a Christian is one who professes to believe the teachings of Jesus and His Apostles, and who professes consecration, in his daily life following those teachings and the example which illustrated them. This, the Master's view of Christianity, and the Apostle view, the Pastor declared to be his own view. Let us see, he said, to what extent the teachings of Christ and the teachings of the Bible are still believed.

How few believe that Jesus existed as a spirit being before He was born of a virgin in order to become the "Man Christ Jesus"—in order to be qualified to give His life a ransom price for the forfeited life of Adam! How few believe that He really died at all! What the majority believe on the subject seems to be that He merely appeared to die on the cross, but really was as much alive, as ever in some spiritual sense. How few believe that He really arose on the third day—the majority seemingly believing that in some way the Bible account is untrue; and that if Jesus arose at all, He experienced that resurrection on the cross!—Luke 24:4; Acts 10:40.

Or coming down to the effect of Christ's death as respects the forgiveness of sins, said the Pastor, how few have any serious conviction that they need a Saviour, or that they could not come to God, if they wished to, without a Redeemer, without a sacrifice, without an Advocate with the Father! It would appear as though the attempt of the last fifty years to ignore doctrines of the past in the present light on the Bible has been a great mistake, which is now bearing its injurious fruit in that very few Christian people know definitely what they believe or what the Bible teaches on any subject.

The effect of all this on the rising generation is disastrous. They see the doctrines of all denominations discredited in pulpit and pew, and especially in the colleges. They perceive that the Bible is classed with the creeds, and is claimed to be their foundation. This is the alarming mistake. The sooner we get rid of the creeds of the Dark Ages, the better for us. But if we lose the Bible, are we not in danger of losing all that has tended to steady our civilization—the foundation of all our faith and hope beyond the present life?

The majority of mankind, with strong animal tendencies which need to be curbed, require an incentive for that curbing. Such an incentive the Bible gives in its promise of everlasting life. But the misstatement of our creeds is, that all have eternal life without the Life-giver, and that the question merely is whether we will spend that eternal life in joy or in misery.

This proposition has become so transparently illogical that it is generally repudiated. Human justice fails to appreciate as justice at all an arrangement which would create a race with the foreknowledge and foreordination that nearly all of that race would suffer torture throughout eternity. In proportion as that theory advocated in the creeds of the Dark Ages is still proclaimed, in that same proportion intelligent minds repudiate everything, and denounce all religious teachings as priestcraft.

The average man needs the Message of life and hope which the Gospel holds out for him in the future in order to make the trials, the discouragements and the sorrows of the present life endurable and in order that these may operate in him, may serve him as lessons in character-development.

In Kingston, Jamaica, I learned that class distinctions, hatred and animosity are growing, and that the ministers of the Christian Churches there are having more and more difficulty in maintaining an interest in religious matters, more and more difficulty in securing audiences. Yet when my subject was announced, indicating a hope beyond the grave, Kingston's largest auditorium was packed solid, nearly as many standing as had seats, and as many more were turned away—about four thousand altogether. The local clergy were astonished, and tried to account for such wonderful interest in religion.

Finally the minister of the Anglican Church remarked to the Presbyterian minister and myself that the secret of the matter lay in the fact that I was preaching to the people a Gospel of Hope. I quite agreed with this, and trust that the ministers in Kingston may be encouraged to proclaim the same Gospel of Love, the same Gospel of Hope beyond the grave—a hope for the saintly of becoming joint-heirs with Christ in His Kingdom; a hope for the remainder of the race, that they

will receive only just and reasonable stripes, or punishments for sins, proportionate to their villainies—and that with the Lord's arrangement is graciously to grant all mankind an opportunity of restoration to human perfection in a world-wide Eden. All this is to be brought about through Messiah's Kingdom, and that Kingdom is nigh, even at the door.

The Pastor declared that he well understands the attitude of the rich and the learned, and how they discount the prospects of a social revolution. Reasoning by analogy from the world's experiences in the past, many of the worldly-wise say, "We are amenable to laws, and the laws will uphold us and will take care of those disposed to anarchy. Revolution may not come; the struggle may be altogether avoided; but if it came to the worst, brains and money will surely rule. If it shall be necessary to shoot down in cold blood some of the anarchically disposed, we shall be sorry, but we see no other way. We see no reason for worry, however, nor for especially changing our course. The pages of history support us in this view."

These able reasoners seem generally to forget that in one respect the people of the present time differ materially from the people of times gone by. In olden times the people were uneducated, and incapable of anything without able leadership. Indeed, the few educated ones were often honored slaves, possessed of no political influence or opportunity. All this is changed now. The masses are not only able to read and write, and capable of exercising their reasoning faculties, but they are alert as never before in the world's history. They, too, are acquisitive and ambitious.

The history of the past has informed them of how some of the greatest estates came into the hands of those who now hold them. Instead of being thankful for their wonderful blessings and privileges, they are unthankful, unhappy, greedy for more, just as are the successful, who have already gotten possession of much of the earth, and of much of the power to use it, and of the channels of trade, etc. Unrestrained by the fears of hell or purgatory, which once restrained to some extent their forefathers, these need the Gospel of Hope—the very Message which the Bible provides for them.

The Lord's Gospel of Hope to the world is now due, and all of God's people should be prompt to herald it. It is this Gospel of Hope for humanity that was symbolically represented in the Jubilee year which God provided for typical Israel. As at the beginning of that year the priests were to announce the Jubilee by blowing upon silver trumpets, so now the antitypical Jubilee—the Times of Restitution, Messiah's Kingdom—should be announced by all the antitypical priests, and will be announced by these. Is it asked, Who are these antitypical priests? We reply in the language of St. Peter, "Ye are a Royal Priesthood, a holy nation, a peculiar people; that ye should show forth the praises of Him who hath called you out of darkness into His marvelous light."—1 Peter 2:9.

In other words, the Royal Priesthood are the true, saintly people of God, not of sectarianism and the creeds and churchianity. They are not a clerical class, although, thank God! some of the clergy may be amongst them. We are to remember, however, that God never has recognized the distinction of clergy and laity amongst His people. That was a human arrangement which has done much harm. All of God's consecrated people are His priests.

Let me urge upon all the ministers and servants of Christ—and that includes every consecrated child of God—that both the duty and the privilege of blowing the Jubilee Trumpets is ours. Whoever recognizes the present situation as we have today outlined it, must feel that the duty is an urgent one.

Let us not deny the Lord, either in word or doctrine or conduct, but let us confess Him in all these ways. Let us more and more appreciate the glorious Gospel of Love Divine which has, during this Age, been calling the Church out from amongst the world under "exceeding great and precious promises," and let us correspondingly appreciate the grand outcome of this Divine Plan—the Messianic Kingdom.

Let all who believe in that Kingdom co-operate with it, in giving the Message of hope to the world in general. It is a great privilege to thus show forth the praises of the great King, our Redeemer, and soon to be our Bridegroom. It is a great privilege to lay down all that we have in co-operation with Him and His work.

The Apostle addresses the Church who have already confessed Christ, and whom Jesus has already acknowledged. His words are full of import. If we deny our Lord, if we repudiate His Cause, if we prove disloyal to it, He will disown us and repudiate us. He will not grant us the great privilege of being His associates in that Kingdom. For according to the Father's arrangement that honor is reserved for the faithful who follow the Redeemer through evil report as well as through good report—through sacrifice to glory.

Improve Congregations' Voice.
To improve their singing the congregation of High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, Eng., Parish Church remained for a practice after the evening service on Sunday, at the invitation of the vicar. The "rehearsal" resulted in an improvement and the first attempt at a purely congregational practice was generally considered to have been a success.

The Irony of Fate.
A silver inkstand owned by Torquemada, the originator of the Spanish Inquisition, which, by a strange irony of fate, formed part of the collection of a wealthy Protestant family at Louvain, Belgium, was sold recently for \$800. The proceeds will be devoted towards the erection of a Calvinist school.

TRYING TO "LIFT THAT CUP."

It Has Cost British Yachtmen So Far About a Million Pounds.

The persistence of Sir Thomas Lipton in his endeavor to "lift that cup" from the New York Yacht club certainly merits success. His Shamrock I. was beaten by the Columbia in 1899, Shamrock II. by the Columbia in 1901 and Shamrock III. by the Reliance in 1904. He has had another Shamrock since, but he refused to call it Shamrock IV., reserving that title for another challenger, if he should have one built.

His three past attempts to win the cup have cost him about \$1,000,000 for yachts alone (Shamrocks I. and II. \$300,000 each and Shamrock III. \$35,000), and altogether he has spent on the efforts nearly \$400,000. Since the Americans won the cup in the race around the Isle of Wight in 1851 twelve attempts have been made to recover it, at a total cost of about \$1,000,000. The cup itself is worth barely \$50.

Sir Thomas Lipton had great success during the yachting season last year. Out of thirty races in home waters in which his Shamrock took part he won twenty-three firsts, and at the international races at Kiel he won six races out of eight.

Sir Thomas is probably the greatest clubman in the world, for he is honorary member of nearly a hundred clubs in America alone, besides a very great many in Great Britain. Yachting by no means claims all his sporting attention. In later years he has taken up motor golf. He likes gardening, too. Cricket, golf, tennis and bowls also come within his purview, but he is not a great thenthergoer.—London Spare Moments.

LIGHT WITHOUT HEAT.

Science Hopes to Produce It by the Aid of Chemistry.

Cold light, produced by chemicals, somewhat in imitation of the firefly, is not an abandoned failure, but can be looked forward to hopefully because of recent progress, according to Professor Wilder D. Bancroft of Cornell. In incandescence lamps, such as ordinary electric light bulbs or gas mantle lights, the greatest amount of light is accompanied by the greatest amount of heat, and this method of getting light is approaching its greatest possible efficiency, he believes. Thus the most likely way of getting better light is to tackle the problem from the other end and try to get cold light from chemicals, which is what the firefly does.

A vast amount of information is piling up now on the combinations of chemicals that will give light when excited by other light or heat, for instance, and from this information Professor Bancroft has come to the conclusion that, once it is known exactly what reactions take place in these solutions, it will be possible theoretically to stimulate these reactions by means other than light or heat and so produce cold light where there is no other light. "Along this line a revolution in lighting will some day take place," he recently declared.—Saturday Evening Post.

Paper Cannon.

To the amazingly long list of articles made of paper there may be added paper cannon, which have been manufactured at the Krupp works in Germany. These paper field pieces are for special use of the infantry. Their caliber is a little less than two inches, and the pieces are so light that a soldier can easily carry one. But the resistance is greater than that of a field piece of steel of the same caliber. It is not to be understood that these paper guns are in any way to replace those made of steel. The paper arms are intended merely for uses in situations where the movement of field artillery would be impracticable. Paper artillery on the field of battle seems an extraordinary thing, but it is hardly more so than paper wheels for freight cars on railways appeared when they were first introduced or, for that matter, than paper water pails were.—New York Tribune.

Trying to Start a Fashion.

At a charity entertainment which took place at the home of a prominent woman in Paris recently one of the late arrivals was a man who wore conventional evening dress as to cut, but the material was described in the published accounts as "very pale blue, with darker blue satin collar and cuffs on the short waisted and long tailed coat." The guests had not all seen the man when he disappeared, and it was learned later that he was an impecunious member of a good family, who had accepted pay to show a possible style for the coming season.

Sugar Made From Wood.

Now they're making sugar out of wood. British chemists have found that they can take a ton of sawdust and get a quarter of a ton of sugar out of it. The process consists of putting the sawdust into a closed retort and subjecting it to digestion with a weak solution of sulphuric acid under a pressure of from 80 to 100 pounds to the square inch. Eighty per cent of the sugar thus obtained is fermentable. The product is called "saccharose."—New York World.

Meaning of "Canberra."

Political circles in Melbourne are greatly amused by the statement by Archibald Meston, a noted Queensland authority on aboriginal names, that Canberra, the name selected for the new commonwealth capital, really means "the laughing jackass." Mr. Meston blames the government for not having taken the preliminary precaution of having ascertained the meaning of the name before coming to a decision.—London Evening Standard.

HAS VENICE COME TO THIS?

Garland Flays It as a Slimy City of Grafters and Thieves.

In a recent address to the Hamilton club of Chicago Hamilton Garland, the essayist, novelist and lecturer, handed the famous old city of Venice an awful roast. He said:

"Venice is the world's Coney Island. It is a show place supported by visiting easy marks, and the show is so old and moth eaten that it is a wonder any American falls for it. There is some beauty of architecture, but the city has a petrified system to fleece all visitors.

"Venice is a poor, old, slimy piece of scenery. All the so called canals outside the Grand canal are sewers. It is the home of mosquitoes and the field of malaria. Every inhabitant is a grafter, especially the hotel owners and gondoliers.

"The doges' palace is medieval bunk and the Bridge of Sighs Byronic bunk. The air is bad, and most of the money handed tourists is counterfeit. The gondolier is a brigand, and his merry song usually precedes a robbery of his passengers. The waiters are thieves, who take your good Italian money and hand you counterfeit in change.

"The ignorant man who referred to the dogs of Venice had the situation sized up right."—New York World.

VACCINATION FOR TYPHOID.

Claims That Are Made For the Preventive Treatment.

In the American Magazine Dr. Woods Hutchinson, writing about vaccination for typhoid, says in part:

"When we remember that typhoid fever causes 35,000 deaths and at least 350,000 cases of severe illness in the United States alone every year and that of all our infections it is the one most likely to be followed by some permanent damage to either kidneys, heart, liver and gall bladder, lungs or nervous system it will be seen that this comparatively trifling precaution is a health insurance—indeed, a life insurance—policy of no small value.

"The only discomfort produced by the injection of the typhoid culture is a slight swelling, reddening and itching at the point of injection, followed by a mild feverish attack, with a little headache and perhaps backache, which are all over within thirty-six to forty-eight hours. This is repeated twice, making three injections in all, at intervals of about ten days, the reaction from each injection being progressively less. The individual is then practically immune against typhoid fever for at least three to five years and probably for life, but this last remains to be determined because most of the inoculations so made are not yet older than three to five years."

A Storm in Scotland.

A bitter dispute is raging in the Scottish capital over a question of national honor. The new great seal of Scotland, which has just been "made in England," has on the obverse side the royal arms of Scotland, in which the Scottish quarterings are first and fourth, the English second and the Irish third, as differing from the royal arms of England, as used by the sovereign for all national purposes, which have the English quarterings first and fourth and the Scottish second. On the reverse side of the seal there is an edify of the kilt, and in completing the design two small shields were included bearing the royal arms quartered Englishwise. It is these two small shields which have roused the storm. The great seal of Scotland is used only for purely local grants by the sovereign, and the Scots are wild over this "English importation," which they regard as a gratuitous insult to the people north of the Tweed.—New York Tribune.

Sawdust Blankets.

Sawdust as a fire extinguisher sounds absurd, but recent experiments in Boston proved it to be very successful in quenching fires in oil, and much superior to sand for fires in tanks of inflammable liquids. The experiments were conducted with tanks of burning lacquer, though the same principles appear to apply largely to tanks of burning oil. The floating sawdust forms a blanket that shuts off the air from the flames, and as sawdust itself catches fire only slowly and then does not burn with a flame the sawdust blanket was completely successful in putting out the fire in these tests. It made no difference whether the sawdust was wet or dry.—Saturday Evening Post.

Paper Garments.

The best results yet attained in various attempts that have been made to produce a wearable cloth from paper are said to be those produced by a patented process employed in Saxony. Narrow strips of paper are spun into yarn, which may be woven to form cloth. Better results are had by spinning paper and cotton together, and still better cloth is made by a combination of paper and woolen yarns. The fabrics do not, of course, possess the strength and durability of ordinary cloth, but useful clothing is made of them at a low price. They may be washed without injury.—St. Louis Republic.

Man's Seven Faults.

A magazine called Paris Taste asked its women readers recently to vote on the seven worst faults of the modern young man and has just published the replies. Egotism gets 10,014 votes, laziness and self sufficiency run a dead heat with 7,400 votes, and fast living, gambling, intemperance and abuse of sport vary from 6,430 to 5,000 votes. Foolishness comes last in the list.

Points
for
Mothers

Dressing the Baby.

Mothers seem to be divided in their opinion of how to dress the baby, but their ideas are generally so extreme that they can easily be divided into two classes—the sensible, who believe in simplicity, and the foolish, who try to see how fancifully they can dress their little tots.

The elegance of baby's clothes should always be interpreted in fitness and not by fancifulness. If its little slips are to be the most beautiful they should be of the finest hand woven lingerie cloth and made so daintily that the eye can scarcely perceive the stitches in their narrow seams. That is real beauty and luxury for the baby.

The baby's first slips are the prettiest in the plain bishop style—finished with very narrow valenciennes lace edging around the neck and sleeves and brieft stitching at the top of its hem. For "best" wear you may want a slightly more fanciful dress, with tiny hand embroidered yoke in the front (narrow tucks running to the neck in the back) and dainty embroidered flowers strewn here and there above the hem. Of course hemming always makes a desirable finish at the seams and is not ornate.

The infant's petticoats should be just as fine and plain as its slips. And in winter its "heavy" petticoats should be of the finest French flannel, so that they will not wash together and become heavy and bulky. The flannel petticoats should be finished with bric-a-brac stitched hems. All petticoats should be made with little waists or wide waistbands.

Juvenile Nerves.

With highly strung children there is often a readiness to pick up nervous tricks from their elders. Thus from one child learns to stammer, while from another it adopts various nervous movements of the muscles of the face or limbs. Such a child needs to be well fed and kept as much as possible in the open air, to lead a quiet life without excitement and without overexertion of the brain. Above all, it must be kept as much as possible away from those people from whom it seems to be taking the tricks of nervousness.

Reserved Boys.

Mothers, don't be too ready to think that your boy shows a want of trust in you if he occasionally keeps a secret or omits to tell you every little thing that he has done. Many boys are very reserved. They cannot bear to speak of what they feel deeply. Make your son understand that mother will always be glad to hear what he chooses to tell her, but that she does not want to force his confidence. Then he will speak much more freely to you than he would do if he felt that you were "always after him."

Screwing Up the Eyes.

Disasters to beauty of a child's expression is the habit of screwing up the eyes. The trick points very plainly to defective vision and calls aloud for a visit to an oculist. The visit must not be delayed, for ugly wrinkles round the eyes is the least evil of this defect. A shortsighted child is severely handicapped when it begins its school life, and neglected myopia leads to serious eye trouble in later life. Properly prescribed spectacles are all that is required to end this particular trouble.

Mouth Breathing.

Mouth breathing, which is one of the signs which point to the presence of adenoids, can only be cured by going to the root of the matter and having the adenoids removed by operation. With very young children it is a wise precaution to do as the Indian squaws do, and that is to press the lips of the young child together when he first falls asleep.

Sunbennets For Babies.

Protect the baby's eyes if the sun is very strong. Little sunbennets of pink or pale blue lambray are both pretty and very sensible for young children. It is far easier to prevent weak eyes than to cure the weakness once it is contracted, and, while the sunshine does not always injure the eyes, you must remember that even a grown person cannot stand or work in the hot sunshine without feeling bad effects from the exposure.

Solid Foods.

The importance of never allowing a "taste" of ordinary food while the baby is small can hardly be overestimated. Not so much as "a crust or bite" should be allowed before he is nine or ten months old, and even that is better postponed until after the first year is completed.

Increase in Height.

Although perfectly healthy children differ greatly and no fixed rule is possible, the average child increases in height an inch a month between the second and fourth months. After this, up to a year, a half inch a month.

Nourishing Dishes.

Small children who are much in the open and who take vigorous exercise, should have cheese dishes and a little meat, mutton or broth for supper.

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W. PARK EVANS, PROPRIETOR

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and Ranching District.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 Per Year. Foreign Countries \$2.00
Exchange Must be added to Checks

Cash vs. Credit

Which would you rather do—buy goods for one dollar and pay
for them when you get them, or buy the same goods for one dollar and
ten cents on "credit?" That is about the relation between the two
systems.

A certain amount of business must necessarily be done on
"credit." That is, according to our commercial system, it is necessary
that the time of payment for goods must be made at stated intervals
under certain well-defined conditions. But it is extremely doubtful if
there is any sound reason for the too common practice of "charging up"
every little item for an indefinite period—so indefinite that, like
"tomorrow," in some cases the settlement time never comes.

On account of this "credit system" the merchant is compelled to
purchase account books, to hire book-keepers, collectors, etc.; often to
borrow money to pay his way, and to have many an argument with a
customer as to the price of goods "charged up." And frequently the
merchant finds on his books large unpaid balances from which he can
expect no return.

If the consumer thinks the merchant stands for all this expense
and loss, he is much mistaken. The extra cost (or a large portion of
it) is spread out on the prices of the goods supplied. The consumer
pays the shot.

Under a strict "cash for the goods" system both merchant and
consumer will benefit—the latter probably more than the former. If
the merchant gets the cash as he goes along, he can considerably lessen
his operating expenses. The consumer will get his share of this. He
will also get his share of the saving effected by the merchant being able
to buy more largely and on better terms for cash. The consumer no
longer need pay for bad debts contracted by the other fellows; he will
get a better selection of goods to choose from, and in almost every case
he will probably effect a large saving through the lower cost of the
goods he buys.

English Capital to Assist

A great deal of English capital will strengthen the hands of the
loan companies of the West this year and finance the taking off of the
largest crop ever harvested in this province. According to information
received from the best authority, there is the promise of millions of
dollars by English capitalists to loan companies, and two of the principal
banks of Great Britain will also assist and extend credit to the extent
of \$20,000,000. Farmers, therefore, who were completely tied up last
season and other seasons on account of the tightness of money, may
find it much easier to move their crop this year.

Much what is held up in Alberta and other parts of the West
every winter, owing to the close of navigation, and other causes.
Farmers have, in many cases, been unable to secure any money until
they could market their grain. However, this year certain banks will
be loaning English money by means of 90 day exchange bills on the
security of warehouse receipts and bills of lading. The exchange bills
can be renewed if necessary, and will carry the transaction until naviga-
tion opens again and the wheat is shipped for Europe in the spring.

According to loan companies in the cities, there is also a move-
ment by independent English companies to open branches in certain
parts of Alberta and loan money to the farmers on reasonable security.
Already two prominent financiers, representing English capitalists,
have visited Calgary in the connection of loaning money to farmers, and
investigating conditions existing. Last month three companies were
incorporated with headquarters at Calgary and Edmonton which are
composed of English financiers and capitalized at \$10,000,000.

NAMAKA NEWS ITEMS

A good dance was held on Friday
evening at R. M. Johnson's new
dancing hall. The hall is a capital
one for dancing, 26x40 feet with a
good floor. Mr. Johnson has put
in a first rate Doherty piano and
with J. W. Eglese at the instru-
ment a good time is assured.

Mrs. Wishart and the Misses
Wishart came down from Gleichen
in an auto Friday and took in the
dance.

Next fall should be a good time
for music lovers in the Namaka
district as several families have
been buying pianos. Last year
there were only two pianos in the
district whereas four more are be-
ing shipped in just now.

The Rev. Frank Winspear B.A.
of the Universities Mission to Cen-
tral Africa, is on a visit to his
brother, W. W. Winspear at Na-
maka and while he is staying is
conducting the English Church
services at the school house on Sun-
day evenings at 7 p.m. Mr. Win-
spear informed your correspondent
that he is delighted with his trip to
Canada, he finds a fascination in
its rolling prairie, and the weather
delightful after the damp heat of
Africa, and the people simply
charming.

Oh, What Is The Use

Tens of thousands of people are
held down by "what is the use?"

philosophy. Everywhere we hear
them saying, "Well I had money,
but I lost it in speculation," or in
some foolish venture, and they do
not believe they will get on their
feet again. They are always talk-
ing about their misfortunes, re-
hearsing their losses and unfortu-
nate experiences.

No will power is strong enough
to rise above such mental gloom
without a change of the attitude of
mind, without a change of thought.
There must be a complete turning
about and facing towards the light.

If there is no uplook in the life,
how can a man expect to climb?
How can he expect to climb up
when he is always looking down?
Suppose Theodore Roosevelt had
said to himself when a youth: "It
is no use for me to try and do any-
thing very great. I have a delicate
constitution. I am no genius. I
have money enough to live easily.
What is the use of making a great
effort?" What would he have
amounted to?

But no, he set his face toward a
greater career without knowing just
how it was coming about. He pre-
pared himself for something grand
and large; and he did everything he
understood so well, with so much
energy and determination, that it
opened the door to a larger thing.

For Sale: Quarter Section
Blackfoot In-
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Unimproved, at
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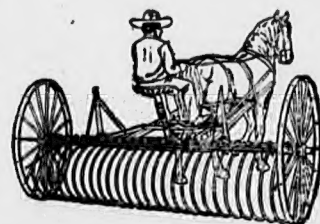
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are durable, and they are built in various sizes to meet the
most varied requirements—3½, 4½, 5, 6 and 7-foot cut.
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hand or self dump styles. If you are undecided as to what
machine you want, call and let us explain the many
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NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the estate of William Urquhart, late of the town of Gleichen, deceased. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late William Urquhart, who died on the 14th day of Aug. A.D. 1912, are required to send to the Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, on or before the 7th day of Aug. 1913, a full statement of their claims and of any securities held by them, duly verified, and that after that date the said company will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed with the said Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, the administrator of the said estate.

Dated at Calgary, this 21st day of July, A.D. 1913.

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BARON CHIMES
 WILL STAND FOR THE SEASON
 1913 At
J. H. RILEY'S, Blacksmith Shop
 GLEICHEN

He is registered under the rules of the American Trotting Register as follows: 28053 Baron Chimes, (6) b. h. foal 1896; by Chimes, 5315; dam, Mayetta, by Baron Nikes, 4578; grand dam Augustine by Hancock, 3144, etc.

Baron Chimes, 28053, time 2:16 (8ire of 8 in the 2:20 list); by Chimes (8ire of 8 in the 2:20 list and 4 in the 2:20 list); he by Electioneer (with dams of 131 and sires of 160 in the 2:20 list); he is by Hamilton 10 the world's famous sire for speed. First dam Jenny Human, the dam of Brian Braun who won the Canadian Futurity in Toronto in 1902 (open to the Dominion); Ann V 215; Grace B 224; Jenny Human Vol. XVI by Naaman 7391, 2nd dam Katie Robinson by Ash and Patchen 48 and others.

CERTIFICATE
 The pedigree of the trotting stallion Baron Chimes 28053 is described as follows: Bred standard color, bay; foaled in the year 1896, has been examined in the Department, and hereby certify that the said stallion is of pure breeding, and is registered in a stud book recognized by the Department.

Dated at Edmonton, Alberta, this 31st day of January, 1913.
 George Harcourt
 Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

Terms on application to
J. H. RILEY, Proprietor

THE TARIFF AGITATION

Calgary Standard Notes American
 Tariff is Much Higher Than
 Canadian

There are many who are hoping that, as our largest export trade is with the United States, as a near market, the new president will remove a few bricks from the top of their tariff wall, to admit our goods on easier terms than hitherto. Many are arguing that in such an event Canada should reciprocate by lowering her tariff on United States imports. Advocates of such a policy are doubtless unaware that the tariff of the United States is much higher than that of Canada. The average ad valorem rate of duty imposed on all dutiable goods during the fiscal year 1911 by the United States against other countries was over 41 per cent, while that imposed by Canada against other countries was only 25 1-2 per cent. That is, the average United States rate against the world was 15.85 per cent, higher than the Canadian. Moreover, the average ad valorem rate of duty imposed on Canadian dutiable goods is only 25 per cent. By all means let the United States reduce their tariff until it reaches the level of the Canadian tariff. This will put the two countries on an even trading basis. During the year ended the last of March of last year, we imported from the United States goods valued at \$356,358,179, and exported to the United States goods valued at \$120,534,993. With equal tariffs, the balance of the trade will be more in our favor.—Calgary Standard.

THE TALL CHIMNEY

Hamilton's Lesson to Canada in Factory Development

Hamilton exhibits probably the best fruits of moderate protection to be found in Canada. During 1912 alone that city received from the United States five big factories which will invest approximately two million dollars at once, and more in the near future. These five factories will manufacture steel cars of all kinds, steel and malleable castings, porcelain-ware, and air-brake and other railway equipment. The two thousand employees will require at least four hundred new houses in which to reside with their families, besides a number of new stores from whose counters merchants will sell them the daily necessities of life. In addition to these five big firms from the United States, there are a great many smaller ones coming from the States to Hamilton, and also a large number of purely Canadian firms which will begin operations in that city during the year.

BRITISH WAGES

More Importation of Manufactured Goods Would Lower Canada's Wages

The manufacturers of Canada have been severely censured for opposing any increase in the British preference. Industrial Canada has been attacked by a dozen newspapers for making this statement: "We want to see less British and foreign manufactures come in, and more made in Canada." Employees of industrial concerns, who feel disposed to vote for politicians who want to lower the duties against British goods should study the following Government statistics dealing with wages.

Of the eight million adult wage workers in England:
 Four per cent. receive less than \$3.65 a week.
 Eight per cent. are paid from \$3.65 to \$4.87.
 Twenty per cent. receive from \$4.87 to \$6.10.
 Twenty-one per cent. get from \$6.10 to \$7.30.
 Thirteen per cent. get from \$7.30 to \$10.96.
 And only six per cent. get more than \$10.96 per week.

The people who receive these wages make goods which are partially kept out of Canada by the duty. If the duty is lowered, more British goods will enter Canada. If Canadian manufacturers have to cut selling prices to meet the increased competition, part of their loss must fall on their employees. Do Canadian workers want these wages?

A \$15,000 warehouse will be erected in Regina, Sask., for the Garden City Feeder Co.

Woodland Dairy, Limited, Edmonton, Alta., has recently been incorporated with an authorized capital of \$100,000.

It is stated that the Canadian Fairbanks, Morse Co., Chicago, Ill., will establish a warehouse in Edmonton, Alta.

The Regina Flour Mill Co., will erect an elevator and a flour mill with a capacity of 2,000 barrels per day, in Regina, Sask.

H. C. Struchen, of Minneapolis, Minn., will establish a \$250,000 paper mill in Prince Albert, Sask.

LUMBER and COAL

Anything and Everything required in Building
 Always in Stock

W. Stuart & Co.

Yard near Palace Hotel, Gleichen.

COAL DEPOT Open in C.P.R. Yards

Office Gleichen street and Third ave., Gleichen, Alberta

The Alberta Transfer, Ltd.

The Best Cartage System in Gleichen. Every
 Class of Work Carefully and
 Promptly Handled

HEADQUARTERS FOR



GALF LUMP COAL
 ANTHRACITE LUMP COAL
 ANTHRACITE NUT COAL
 AND BRIQUETTES

The Best For Domestic and Steam Uses

THE SARNIA
 Pool Room and
 Bowling Alleys

The Alleys are of the famous Brunswick-Balke-Cohen-der Co. make, and three in number
 The TABLES are the Most Modern
 A Full Supply of
Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos
 Will Always be Kept

Remember the Manager's name—**JACK JAMES**

JUST TO REMIND YOU

That we are here to give your orders our prompt attention, no order too small or too large. Study over the following lines and prices. We know they will please you.

Tuxedo brand	50 cents per lb.
House special blend coffee	35 "
Red rose tea, black	50 "
Blue Ribbon tea, green	45 "
Tuxedo jellies, 3 pks	25 "
Heinz' Chili sauce, India relish tomato catsup, sweet gherkins and sweet mixed pickles	35 cents per bot.

Buchanan's Imported Jams

Strawberry and raspberry, 5 pounds.....00 cents pe. tin

E. D. Smith's, Canned Goods

Corn, peas and beans	15 cents per tin
Tomatoes	20 "
Peaches, pears, strawberries and raspberries	25 "
Plums	15 "

Purity Flour 100 pounds \$3.50 for cash only

A trial order will convince you that **QUALITY and PRICES** are right

S. A. HALL

YOU CAN LEAD A HORSE TO WATER--

but you cannot make him drink. Neither can you get the best work out of your animal unless his hoofs have had right attention. Right care in horseshoeing at 'just right' prices here always.

J. H. RILEY
 Gleichen, - - Alberta



GET YOUR CANADIAN HOME FROM THE CANADIAN PACIFIC

Wonderfully fertile land is offered for sale by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at prices ranging from \$11 to \$30 per acre. There is no better agricultural land than this virgin Canadian soil. It is unsurpassed for all forms of agriculture, including grain growing, stock raising, dairying, poultry culture, vegetable growing, and general mixed farming. The lands are convenient to railways and markets, and are located in a country of low taxation and delightful climate.

TWENTY YEARS TO PAY

Under the Company's new policy no land is sold to speculators, but only to those who will occupy and improve it. The terms of sale are now one-twentieth cash and the balance spread over twenty years, with interest at six per cent per annum.

ASSISTANCE TO FARMERS

Under certain conditions the Company will advance a loan of \$2000 to new settlers to be used in erecting a house and barn, fencing the land and sinking a well. This loan is repayable on the same terms as the purchase price.

For illustrated literature, maps and full particulars, apply to,

Department of Natural Resources,
 Canadian Pacific Railway,
 CALGARY, ALBERTA

AMENDS FOR ALL

By E. R. Punshon

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne & Toronto

(Continued)

But in a different way, said Mrs. Durand. Well, perhaps you will not be troubled with me much longer. Who knows? For I think, Joan, I am going soon to the one place where I shall be safe from your father, but I should like to see another ball first, and now let us talk about what we must wear.

CHAPTER XIII.

The Necklace

Lady Martin's ball was turning out an immense success.

Everybody was there; everybody was thoroughly enjoying it; a real, live Duchess was present—a Dowager, it is true, but still a Duchess—and Lady Martin herself was beaming upon everybody in high delight at the smoothness with which the occasion was passing off.

It was rather a mixed throng, for Lady Martin lived upon the borders of three worlds—the artistic and literary, the financial, and that of society. Her own sympathies were with the first; her husband, Sir John, was a power in the second; and they were just beginning to steer their troubled course through the stormy waters of the third. Poets and men of letters like Wilton Mayne were here, rubbing shoulders with keen-faced men of business; the Duchess, whom it was Lady Martin's joy and pride to have secured, surveyed them all with languid curiosity through her eye-glasses; and among them Edward Thorold moved alone and apart, his stern brooding face little in tune with any place of festivity. He had come in the company of Wilton Mayne, who was at this moment whirling round with his fiancée, Dora, in a waltz. Thorold's tall figure and air of aloofness attracted the attention of Lady Martin, and she observed him with some disapproval.

What a sullen looking person, she remarked. Who is he? Does any one know?

Oh, that's Thorold, the chap who discovered that mine somewhere or another—the exploring well, you know. They say he lost a young brother the other day, and perhaps that is why he is so out, answered one of her ladyship's satellites, delighted to have a chance of giving so much information.

Oh, how interesting, exclaimed Lady Martin, always pleased to disco- er any one in the shape of a lion, however modest and disinclined to roar; how lonely he seems; I must go and talk to him.

In pursuance of this kind resolution she bore down on him with a beaming smile.

Why, dear Mr. Thorold, she cried, I have been wondering all evening where you had hidden yourself. But why are you not dancing?

I am afraid, said Thorold with some surprise at this cordial greeting, for he had only the slightest possible acquaintance with his hostess, and had merely come to the ball because Mrs. Durand and Joan were to be present; I am afraid I am not much of a dancer.

Oh, said Lady Martin cheerfully, I am sure you dance to perfection—very tall men always do, I think. By this time Lady Martin, after some mysterious manner of her own, was marshalling Thorold alone, as a hen with flapping wings might usher back to her brood some wandering chicken. Thorold had taken up a position from which he could observe Joan and her mother, who, also a little out of it, were sitting not far away. It was perhaps by reason of his ready and intent glance bent always in the one direction that Lady

DANDRUFF AND FALLING HAIR Prevented by



Treatment with CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment. Directions: Take a paring and rub gently with Cuticura Ointment. Continue until whole scalp has been gone over. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap. Shampoos alone may be used as often as agreeable, but once or twice a month is generally sufficient for this special treatment for women's hair.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp, sent post-free. Address: **Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 24D, Boston, U. S. A.**

W. N. U. 955

Na-Dru-Co Laxatives

accomplish their purpose with maximum efficiency and minimum discomfort. Increasing doses are not needed.

25c. a box at your Druggist's. 174
National Drug and Chemical Co., of Canada, Limited.

Martin also noticed them, and at once she thought she saw her opportunity.

Now, I wonder who they can be, she reflected rapidly, the girl has a striking face, but she looks unhappy; the mother looks silly and ill as well. I must find out who they are.

Then she stopped and in her abrupt jerky manner proceeded to introduce Thorold to Joan. She had already forgotten his name and she did not know Joan's, but she pronounced the Mr. and Miss very distinctly, and added an unintelligible murmur that might have passed for anything. She then remarked cheerfully she knew what good dancers they were both of them, and that the next was the dancers, which she was certain they would really enjoy; and with that disappeared, leaving Thorold and Joan looking awkwardly and strangely at each other.

The situation seemed to Joan so absurd as well as so totally unexpected that she could not prevent herself smiling slightly. To her astonishment a very faint smile on Thorold's face answered her own, and she was amazed to see how it changed his whole face and chased the darkness of his brooding thoughts away and made his hard mouth tender, and filled his fierce eyes with gentleness. He sat down beside her, and she looked at him, wondering what to say. Mrs. Durand, absorbed by the light and gaiety of the scene which she was drinking in like wine, took no notice of them, and then Joan turned to Thorold and said softly:

Well?

He turned round, and with an air of abstraction looked at her intently with a kind of impersonal yet greatly interested regard for all the world as a connoisseur in art might examine a newly-completed statue on which he was to pronounce judgment. He was conscious again of the clear depths in her eyes, and it seemed to him that in such clear depths only truth could exist, and he felt also a sense of peace and quiet beneath her gentle gaze that after these last days of tumult he found inexpressibly grateful.

I wonder, he said, drawing his brows together, I wonder if it would ever have been possible for us to be friends?

We are enemies now, then? she asked quickly.

Why should we be? he asked in return; and as he watched her again he found himself wondering at her.

It seemed to him that every time he saw her she filled him afresh with this wonder that was almost awe, and it puzzled him very much that this should be so.

As to that, she said slowly, that is what I came to you to ask you the other day.

But you went away without waiting for my reply? he was quick enough to retort.

She blushed crimson as she remembered the odd panic that had fallen on her and the hasty flight into which it had hurried her. It seemed silly to her then; it seemed more than silly now. She therefore began to feel not only anger and fear of Thorold but bitterness against him in addition.

I am certainly afraid, she said laughingly, that I thought your conduct peculiar.

Thorold was still watching her. He thought the little upward toss she gave her head as she spoke was the most bewitching thing he had ever seen, and it occurred to him that a man might lose his heart just watching such a gesture as that. Fortunately his one idea was to find out the truth about her, what sort of woman she was, how far in plan and deed she was responsible for the fate that had overtaken his young brother. Then a brilliant idea came to him.

Miss Durand, he said, I will not deny that there is something on my mind—something that I feel I ought to speak to you about before long. But tonight let us leave all question between us—let us put everything on one side. We are here as Lady Martin's guests and we owe her some duty. To-night let us be—friends, and he was amazed that his tongue found this word hard to pronounce, and yet lingered over it as though it were delicious.

Then to-morrow, he said, we shall be again—

Enemies? Joan asked, watching him keenly.

He rose and bowed deeply.

Let that be for to-morrow, he said, tonight I offer you friendship.

A strange offer—friendship for one evening, she said musingly. But the very strangeness of it pleased her curiosity, and she, like himself, was anxious to know him better and to try to find out what his character really was. He interested her, and she thought it might even be of importance that she should know more of him; at present she said to herself they were like two strangers stabbing at each other in the dark, without knowing whether they were really mutual enemies.

I agree, she said with one of her rare smiles that reached up to her eyes on a dull day a gleam of sunshine may transfigure a whole landscape.

And this smile quite dazzled him, so that he hardly knew what he did as he offered her his arm and muttered something to the effect that the dancing was beginning.

She rose and laid her small gloved hand upon his arm. He thrilled unexpectedly to the light touch that somehow plunged him back into the confusion of mind and soul from which he was struggling so hard to rally his senses. A kind of horror seized him as he looked at the tiny hand upon the black sleeve of his coat, and reflected he had reason to

believe it was that hand had dispatched his young brother in dishonor to his grave. Yet it lay there trustfully, and as he watched it something that was not rage or horror grew in his heart and swelled there till it seemed he could feel nothing else and know nothing else. She was aware of his emotion and it puzzled her, and she wondered if it was because he hated her so much he could not bear to feel her touch. Yet when she tried to withdraw her hand, somehow his arm seemed to close upon it and prevent her. She felt a quick confusion and to hide it, she said:

You dance then, Mr. Thorold?

No, he answered, no, I am afraid not, but one can sit it out; can one not?

Oh, yes, he answered, but her voice trembled slightly, for this prospect of another talk with him alarmed her. You have not been long in England, have you? she observed for the sake of saying something, as he seemed inclined to remain silent.

Not long, he answered, guiding her towards the conservatory. I only came back from South America a short time ago.

Ab, South America, repeated Joan. I suppose that is a wonderfully interesting country to visit—North America always strikes one as all hurry and bustle, but South America would be different. Sir John Martin has great interests there, has he not?

Well, his dealings are more with Australia, I think, Thorold answered; he is largely interested in the Australian pearl fisheries. It is hard and dangerous work, though the profits are enormous sometimes. I spent a season there once, but I was not so lucky as Sir John's first enterprise was. I suppose you have heard of Lady Martin's black pearls? The very first time one of his boats brought back five of those pearls.

Oh, indeed, said Joan, and her face had taken on a look of sudden alarm; but black pearls—what are they?

(To be Continued)

4,000 ACRES TREATED

Saskatchewan Has One of the Largest Farms in Western Canada. How Tractors Brought the Land Under Cultivation.

One of the largest farms in Western Canada is that known as the Welzen Farm, situated about ninety miles southwest of Saskatoon, and twenty miles south of Rosetown, which is on the Moose Lake branch of the Canadian Northern Railway. The farm comprises sixteen sections, or 10,240 acres, of beautiful undulating prairie land, with almost unbroken surface, free from stone, brush or other obstructions, with a rich chocolate colored soil several feet in depth, on clay subsoil.

The land was originally purchased from the Canadian Northern Railway about four years ago by O. O. Winter, who was for some years superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, with offices at Winnipeg, Fort William and Brandon, and later general superintendent of the Grand Trunk Pacific. Mr. Winter, with friends residing in Minneapolis, organized the Welzen Land and Agricultural Company, for the purpose of putting the land under cultivation under his direct management.

This big farm was first developed in 1910, and in order to carry out the work with the greatest possible dispatch, three big gasoline tractors were employed, with an equipment of gang plows, packers, discs, steel tanks for hauling gasoline and other necessary utensils.

The three engines, each drawing six fourteen-inch breaking plows and a packer, were kept in constant service day and night, with the result that by the first of September the virgin prairie, which had for ages been the roaming ground of the buffalo, showed an expanse of 4,000 acres broken up by the plow shares.

The plows were then replaced by six discs, attached to each engine in such a manner as to give the upturned sod a double stroke, thus pulverizing it well and putting the sod in fine condition for seeding. The whole 4,000 acres were treated in this manner before the close of the season.

Since that time the progress of the work has been steady during each succeeding year, and the Welzen farm is now one of the show farms of Saskatchewan for mechanical equipment.

BEGAN YOUNG

Had "Nerves" From Youth

"When very young I began using coffee and continued up to the last six months," writes a Southern girl.

"I had been exceedingly nervous, thin and very yellow. After quitting coffee and drinking Postum about a month my nervousness disappeared and has never returned." (Tea contains the same injurious drug, caffeine, found in coffee). "This is the more remarkable as I am a Primary teacher and have kept right on with my work."

"My complexion now is clear and rosy, my skin soft and smooth. As a good complexion was something I had greatly desired, I feel amply repaid even though this was the only benefit derived from drinking Postum. "Before beginning its use I had suffered greatly from indigestion and headache; these troubles are now unknown."

"I changed from coffee to Postum without the slightest inconvenience, did not even have a headache. Have known coffee drinkers, who were visiting me, to use Postum a week without being aware that they were not drinking coffee."

Write for Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future. "There's a Reason" for Postum.



ASK YOUR DEALER.

Character

We may judge a man's character by what he loves—what pleases him. If a man manifests a delight in low, sordid objects, the vulgar song and debasing language, the misfortunes of his fellows or animals, we may at once determine the complexion of his character.

On the contrary, if he loves purity, modesty, truth—if virtuous pursuits engage his heart and draw out his affections—we are satisfied he is an upright man. When we see a young man fond of fine clothes and making a top of himself, it is a sure sign that he thinks the world consists of outside show and ostentation, and he is certain to make an unstable man without true affection or friendship, fond of change and excitement, and soon weary of those objects and pursuits which for a time gave him pleasure.

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Cure be used.

A very large and muscular Irish woman had the little, shrivelled up man to whom she was married haled up in the police court on the charge of assaulting and beating her. He was the worst dilapidated man the judge had ever seen. His arm was in a sling, his head was tied up, his eyes were blackened, and he seemed scarcely able to stand. The judge listened to the big Irish woman's tale of woe, and unable to stand it any longer, asked in derision: Do you mean to say that little bit of a physical wreck could beat you as you have stated?

Yes, honor, he wasn't a physical wreck until he tried to beat me.

Bridget—Johnny threw his ball through the windy, mum, an' broke a pane of glass.

Johnny's Mother—Well, that's nothing to make a fuss about. Accidents will happen, and besides, we don't own the house and intend to move next week.

Bridget—But th' ball struck that chancy teacup you got with half a pound of tay and smashed it all to splinters.

Johnny's Mother (angrily)—What! Send that boy right in to me! I'll teach him to be more careful the next time!

Moses Meyer brought a piece of cloth home to have himself a suit made. The family, examining the goods which were spread out on the table, remarked upon the fine quality, pattern, etc. Even little Isidor was called upon to give his opinion of father's new suit.

He immediately turned the stuff on the wrong side and began to examine it.

Isidor, said old Meyer, laughingly, Isidor, that is the wrong side. How stupid you are.

Why stupid? answered the boy. It will not come to me until it's turned on the wrong side.

Suggestion

Suggestion is of three kinds: sub-conscious, muscular, and external. The first must be noted here. When you put a shell to your ear you hear a murmur as of far-off voices. So is it with the mind. It is haunted by the sub-conscious memories of the past. Some of them are echoes from the silent lips of our ancestors, still repeating themselves ever more faintly in succeeding generations. In that subconscious state we catch the undertone of great events, which long since moved the world, just as the wavelet which laps the shore has in it a tremor from storms which ages ago swept the ocean.

What influence the minds of a congregation have on the extempore prayers of the minister is a question of interest. At such times his own will is often subordinated to the influence of the moment. The well-known instance in the life of "Rabbi" Duncan may be cited. Unknown to the preacher he had entered the church and seated himself below the pulpit. The prayer uttered by the minister was clearly not his own; the very form of the petition bore evidence of the strong individuality of the earnest worshipper seated below.

The Apt Retort

There is rather a good story current in connection with a lady principal of a girl's college in the west of England. Intercourse between her pupils and the boys who attend a neighboring school is strictly forbidden, but one morning the lady principal beheld a small boy and girl engaged in conversation, and commenced the attack as follows:

Lady Principal (majestically)—Little girl, have you ever been introduced to this little boy?

Little Girl (trembling)—No.

Lady Principal—Little boy, have you ever been introduced to this little girl?

Little Boy (defiantly)—No.

Lady Principal (sternly)—Then you must understand that it is exceedingly impolite to speak to anyone without a proper introduction, and—

Little Boy (interrupting)—Then I think it's a jolly cheek of you to speak to me!

The lecture was put off until another day.

Watch Him

He's overworked; half dead from strife;

His brain is numbed, his back is lame;

But you should see him come to life

When he attends a baseball game.

AN EXAMPLE FOR BOXERS

Acrobats and Jugglers by Far the Better Trainers

Training with the average boxer is a joke. In fact they seldom do any real training. Even when they are making a bluff at it they do a little running in the morning, a little shadow boxing in the afternoon. Most of their so-called training, however, consists in loafing in the training quarters and more time is spent in undressing and dressing than in actual work. One man who gets around to the fighters' gymnasium once in a while timed a fighter who was supposed to be training hard for a bout. This fellow did a lot of undressing and dressing, and a lot of talking and joshing with the other scrappers. But he did very little actual work, as a matter of fact, just 11 minutes. That was just one minute more than four rounds in the ring.

Professional acrobats, jugglers, etc., could give the fighters tips on exercising. They spend hours every day of their lives doing their stunts. They never miss a day, even in the winter when they are laying off, they keep limbered up by constant exercising. Men who do hard acrobatic work at afternoon and evening performances don't consider that enough work to keep in shape, but also do some training every morning just to take the stiffness out of their limbs and arms.

Many musicians practice four and five hours every day, keeping it up for years. When this work is compared with the fighter's 11 minutes, the scrappers' system seems like a cinch.

The funniest thing, however, about the training of the modern boxer is the rudeness. Even the cheapest preliminary fighter nowadays has to go through a massage treatment every time he goes to the gymnasium, no matter how little work he does. Most of these fellows get the idea that the rubbing will increase their fighting ability, whereas it does nothing but increase their natural laziness.

BABY'S TEETHING TIME.

Mothers find baby's teething a source of great anxiety—the little one becomes restless and nervous; he becomes cross and cannot sleep, and sometimes constipation, diarrhoea, colic or convulsions seize him. Baby's Own Tablets will prevent all this. They regulate the stomach and bowels; allay the feverishness, and baby will cut his teeth without pain or worry. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

New Form of Lynching

The old-fashioned disorderly lynchings are no longer in vogue, according to dispatches from Georgia, which is an acknowledged authority on lynchings. We read where a quiet and orderly gathering of gentlemen entered a county jail, took therefrom a prisoner and hung him. The sheriff, who was asleep in the jail, was not disturbed. This is the latest and most approved type of lynching.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Such Is Love

Come on home Micky. Don't yer see de lightnin'?

Aw, what does er guy care for lightnin' when his girl's 'trown him down for a dago?

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Catarrh is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in its curative powers. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for full particulars. Address: **Dr. J. C. HENNEY & CO., Toledo, O.** Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Ornaments Long-Lived

Ornaments last longer than anything else man makes. There are brooches and necklaces in museums more than 40 centuries old. Monuments, perhaps, stand second, and houses third. The life of furniture is shorter still. There is very little furniture in England which dates beyond the year 1500. Pictures last longer than furniture and there are paintings still in fair condition which have weathered six centuries of life.

The Mysterious Turtle

He is neither fish nor flesh nor fowl. Yet he has the characteristics of all three. As for his eating, it seems quite superfluous, for he can remain shut up in a barrel for a number of weeks and emerge at the end of the time apparently none the worse for the lack of food and light and air.

Paying Teller—I cannot cash the check, madam.

She—Why not?

Paying Teller—There isn't enough money here to meet it.

She—Then can't you meet it half way?

Stomach Weak? Blood Bad? Liver Lazy? Nervous?

aids digestion and purifies the blood. As a consequence both the stomach and liver return to their normal and healthy condition. Nervousness and biliousness soon disappear. The entire system takes on new life.

For over forty years this famous old medicine has "made good"—and never more so than today, enjoying a greater sale all over the world than any other doctor's prescription.

For sale at all druggists in liquid or tablet form, or you can send fifty 7c stamps for trial box. Address **DR. R. V. PIERCE, BUFFALO, N. Y.**

For Women Who Work

Abbey's
Purifying
Salt

Is the best tonic. It prevents headaches and biliousness by stimulating the liver and digestive organs to natural action.



Rosy Cheeks

follow its daily use—because this pleasantly bubbling drink is mildly laxative in its action and clears the blood of impurities.

Take a Bottle Home To-day.

At all Druggists

Price 25c 60c

Premature

You can drive a prisoner to a pile of oakum, but you cannot make him pick. This is what worried Warder X.

I've come about convict. Ninety-nine, sir, said he, bluntly, to the governor. "E refuses to pick oakum?" Refuses, does he? said the great man, grimly.

Yes, sir. See he wants puttin' to his own trade.

Well, well, that's only natural, after all. Put him to it.

But that's impossible, sir.

Impossible? roared the governor.

Yes, sir—the man was a haviator!

Many a man who has never been able to manage his own fortune, nor his wife, nor his children has the stupidity to imagine himself capable of managing the affairs of a nation.

UPTON'S PURE FRUIT JAM

Is particularly adapted for cakes

IT DOES NOT SOAK

Facts and News

President Wilson has a dry wit, said a newspaper correspondent. In Trenton, before the inauguration, I was once pestering him for cabinet news. Now, we all know that some irresponsible writers had sent out a good many cabinet fakes. Well, it was apropos of this that President Wilson made a net remark.

Do tell me about the cabinet, I persisted. The public is dying for the facts.

Dying for the facts, it is? said he. Well, nevertheless, I'm afraid it will have to be satisfied with the news.

Louise, 4 years old, was eating fish. Her mother told her to watch out for the bones, that they were like little pins. Very soon she said: Mamma, I don't care for this fish; it tastes like a pin cushion.

Keep Minard's Liniment In the house

Exchange of Courtesies

This man who wants board on credit claims to be a foreign nobleman. Show you any proof? asked the proprietor.

Showed me a photograph of a castle.

Well, I have no objection to you showing him a photograph of a ham sandwich.

Miller's Worm Powders are sweet and palatable to children, who show no hesitancy in taking them. They will certainly bring all worm troubles to an end. They are a strengthening and stimulating medicine, correcting the disorders of digestion that the worms cause and imparting a healthy tone to the system most beneficial to development.

A farmer took out a policy of fire insurance on his barn. After a loss and due proofs, the company came to settle or adjust the loss, but took advantage of its option under the contract to build a new barn.

Subsequently a life insurance company sought to have him insure his life in favor of his wife.



We unhesitatingly recommend Magic Baking Powder as being the best, purest and most healthful baking powder that it is possible to produce. CONTAINS NO ALUM. All ingredients are plainly printed on the label.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

EW. GILLET CO. LTD.
TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG - MONTREAL

Monumental Crime

John Bright's voice was unequivocally for peace.

He was walking once past the Crimean monument in London with one of his sons, then a lad. Everyone knows that the word Crimea is engraved on the monument. The boy pointed to the monument, and to the word upon it, and asked:

Father, what is that?

That, said John Bright, pointing also to the word, is a crime.

SHE WAS HELPLESS FOR TWO YEARS

WHY MRS. BALDWIN RECOMMENDS DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

She Could Find Nothing to Cure Her Rheumatism Till On a Neighbor's Advice She Tried Dodd's Kidney Pills.

St. Walburg, Sask. (Special).—"I can truly recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills for any one suffering from rheumatism." These are the words of Mrs. W. A. Baldwin, a highly respected resident of this place. And Mrs. Baldwin gives her reasons.

"I was nearly helpless with rheumatism for two years," she states. "I got medicine from the doctor, and tried several other remedies but nothing helped me. Then one of my neighbors advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I bought four boxes, and they helped almost from the first. I have used nearly two dozen boxes and am nearly cured."

That rheumatism is one of the results of diseased kidneys is again shown in Mrs. Baldwin's case. She had headaches, stiffness of the joints and backache, her sleep was broken and tiring, and she was always tired and nervous. Her limbs swelled and she was always thirsty. These are all symptoms of diseased kidneys. When she cured her kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills, the symptoms vanished—and so did the rheumatism.

The Johnsons, according to a recent story, had an old hen who insisted upon neglecting her comfortable nest to lay a daily egg in the coal cellar.

I can't think, fretted Mrs. Johnson, as she and her small son Joe, together hunted for that particular egg, why this one hen insists upon using the coal bin.

Why, that's easy, mother, exclaimed Joe, in astonishment. I suppose she's seen the sign. Now is the time to lay in your coal.

Duchess Total Absterain

The Duchess of Portland, one of England's greatest hostesses, has declared herself a vegetarian, and says she has never drunk wine, tea or coffee. She relies on her natural good health as a stimulus during the strenuous season.

These statements coming directly from the duchess have aroused exceptional interest and doubtless will exert excellent influence over British women.

Everything my husband touches turns to gold.

Then you didn't really bleach your hair, after all?

Please the Home Folks

By serving

Post Toasties

They are among the good things to eat, but not in the cook book, because they require no cooking.

Toasties are always crisp and appetizing—ready to eat direct from the package. You save heaps of time and avoid hot work in the kitchen.

Some rich cream—sugar if you want it—or cool fruit juice, with these fluffy bits of corn—and you have a dish that is fascinating for any meal of the day.

Toasties are sold by grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

W. N. C. 955

A Boost for the Melon Crop

Elko, B.C.—The commercial production of watermelons, muskmelons and squashes in the Elko district in the near future is indicated by experiments now being made by L. W. Mowry, one of the older residents of this district. This work is supplementary to that of the Government at its demonstration orchard south of this town. Reports given out by Mr. Mowry state that he is obtaining splendid returns in his investigations and he believes the establishment of the fact that these products will thrive in the Elko district will be of great benefit to local growers. Although Elko is 3086 feet above sea level, it is situated in a valley which is practically storm-shielded by mountain walls. It is these conditions which are responsible for the unusually diversified character of the local crops.

Wise Boy

Boss—You told me an untruth yesterday when you said you wanted to get away to go to a funeral.

Office Boy—Well, the home club lost, and it was almost as sad as a funeral.

Yes, my wife is one in a thousand. Fine coat? It isn't that. Economical. No, it isn't that. What then? She always listens patiently while I tell her all about the game.

An Irishman, in order to celebrate the advent of a new era, went out on a lark. He didn't get home till 3 in the morning, and was barely in the house before nurse rushed up, and, uncovering a bunch of soft goods, showed him triplets. The Irishman looked up at the clock, which said 3, then at the three of a kind in the nurse's arms, and said:

I'm not superstitious, but thank heaven that O' didn't come home at twelve!

Externally or Internally, It Is Good

When applied externally by brisk rubbing, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil opens the pores and penetrates the tissues as few liniments do, touching the seat of the trouble and immediately affording relief. Administered internally, it will still the irritation in the throat which induces coughing and will cure affections of the bronchial tubes and respiratory organs. Try it and be convinced.

No Yorkshireman

In a benevolent frame of mind owing to the prospect of success in the cricket match with Yorkshire, a Lancashire man was accosted by one of the crowd just disgorged from a Yorkshire excursion train.

Give us a lift, governor. Ah'm a Yorkshireman down on his luck.

Nay, but that's bad. Well, as we are bound to give you a lickin' at cricket, Ah'd give you summat if Ah were nobby sure 'at you are Yorkshire.

Ah swear Ah am.

Well, then, here's half a crown for you. Ah'd mek it a dollar if I were quite sure as you are Yorkshire.

Ah am, really and truly.

Well, then, gi' us the half-crown back.

No sooner was it handed over in the hope of the larger sum than the Lancashire pocketed it with a cunning smile, and said: If that's been Yorkshire that'd noan a'gean it back. Off that goes.

One of the neighbors had recently purchased a little donkey for her little boy, Walter. Of course, all the children in the neighborhood were delighted and were allowed their turn to ride.

The other afternoon Jim, the donkey, acted very badly, and caused Walter to kick and scream to get off his back, when trying to ride.

Howard, aged 4, in telling about it, said: All the children were afraid. Were you afraid, dear? I asked.

O no, he said, I wasn't afraid. I just said I don't care for any ride to-day. I would rather have one to-morrow.

First Bootblack—Wot's the matter Jimmy? Yer looks played out.

Second Bootblack—Played out! I should think I am. Just been giving two policemen a shine.

Hulda, seeing a grand daddy-long-legs for the first time, called to her mother and said: Oh, mamma, come and see this funny bug. He's got his face in the middle and he's walking on his whiskers.

Canada's Great Port

Montreal is making great improvements in her waterfront. A writer in 'Travel' goes so far as to say that she has come within the past year to be the most efficient port in the world, and among twelve or fourteen of the greatest.

Conjuror (who is about to begin his performance)—Will any boy please lend me his assistance?

Boy comes forward.

Conjuror—Have you ever seen me before, my boy?

Boy—No, father.

More Railways for Swift Current

Swift Current, Sask.—The handling of grain as soon as it is ready for shipment this fall is now assured over the double tracks of the C.P.R., which are nearing completion of the gap between Broadview and Brandon, which extend through from Swift Current to Fort William, a distance of 930 miles, before the close of the present construction season. Meanwhile the Swift Current-Moose Jaw line of the G.T.P. is now located and surveyed and this together with the prospective entrance of the C.N.R. line which is now rapidly approaching Swift Current from Gravelbourg appears likely to work an early transformation in the entire traffic situation in favor of local shippers and producers throughout this section of Saskatchewan. A material increase in Swift Current's present elevator capacity is contemplated for the near future.

A Natural Question

Little Elmer—Auntie, did you used to be an Indian?

Aunt—No, dear. Why did you ask that?

Little Elmer—Well, when mamma sent me to your room this morning, I saw some scalps on your dressing table.

A Dutchman was relating his marvellous escape from drowning when thirteen of his companions were lost by the upsetting of a boat, and he alone was saved.

And how did you escape this? asked one of his hearers.

I did not go in to peep, was the Dutchman's placid answer.

AFTER EFFECT OF FEVERS.

Banished Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Following wasting diseases such as fevers, many people find it difficult to regain their former strength. They become breathless and tired out at the least exertion; their appetite is feeble and they often feel as though death was staring them in the face. The trouble lies with the blood which has not returned to its normal condition and is lacking in the red corpuscles without which good health is impossible. It is at a time like this that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills prove their great tonic value. Every dose helps to make new, rich, red blood which means health and vitality.

Mrs. Theodore Foley, Athens, Ont., says: "Following an attack of typhoid fever I was left in a very weak and disheartened condition. The smallest exertion left me worn and tired out, and I was hardly able to get around, and naturally felt despondent. I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and they proved of the greatest benefit to me. I am now as well and strong as ever, and can do all my own work, and as we live on a farm, it goes without saying that there is much to do. I feel, therefore, that I cannot say too much in praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

If you are suffering from the after effects of fevers, the gripe, or any acute disease, you should begin to get new strength to-day through the tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

He thought he was a connoisseur, and he was lamenting the decadence of art.

Look, he said, at the great Italian school of painters. Look even at the old Greeks! Why, Zeuxis painted grapes so naturally that birds came to peck at them.

He did, did he? said a hearer. That's nothing. I've got a friend who paints a dog so natural that he has to paint a muzzle on him to keep him from biting.

John Paton had lost his wife and on the morning of the funeral he called on Jessie Haxton, a former sweetheart, and asked her to marry him.

Oh, for shame, John, says she, to be thinking of marriage and yet wife no buried; gae awa' wi' ye.

On reflection she thought she had been too hasty. So she watched for John returning from the graveyard. She knocked at the window, and called him in. Deed, John, she said, I am thinking I was gey an' hasty this morning, and now I think I'll accept your offer.

Dianna fash, Jessie, the corpse's cousin has taken me.

John, aged 3, was being prepared for bed.

I'm afraid you'll not be able to wear this waist any longer, said his mother. It is getting too small.

You'll have to get another little boy, mother, he answered thoughtfully.

Mrs. Langside—Oh, Henry, I bought the loveliest set of books today on the installment plan. All I have to do is to pay \$1.50 a month.

Mrs. Langside—For how many months?

Mrs. Langside—Mercy! I forgot to ask.

A woman is just as young as her friends will allow her to be.

YOUR WIFE WILL

appreciate it when you bring home a can of SNAP. For clearing her hands, after filling the lamps, milking the cows, peeling the potatoes and onions, there is nothing to equal

SNAP

It leaves the skin smooth and soft. Order from your dealer to-day.

Snap Company, Limited, Montreal.

SNAP

MAN VERSUS NATURE

Marvels That are Wrought Through Sympathetic Chemistry

Nature, we may reflect, has a hard time in competition with the chemist. Her slow, laborious processes are one by one being superseded.

Her most delicate perfumes, which she dishes to us in drops, are made by the gallon in the laboratory. The infinite delicacy of her tints we stimulate from a material so unromantic as coal tar. We squeeze a cellulose product through a tiny hole, and we have the silk of the silk worm. We transform trees into paper and educate the world. We imitate the precious stones which Nature has produced by gigantic forces in upheaval, and the only differences, as was stated in our courts, recently, is that the artificial product is more perfect than the real. Now the chemist takes starch, an unromantic material enough, and makes of it that rubber on which the wheels of the world go round.

In the course of his experiments, man discovers a cheap method of making acetone, an essential of our modern high explosives. Somehow or other all man's experiments lead ultimately to the explosive, which again shows how we reverse processes, for while Nature begins all her work with an explosion, man works up to the explosion as the highest expression of his conquest.

Which Two?

Do you see that handsome row of tall poplars on the Canadian shore, standing apparently at equal distances apart? asked a melancholy-looking man of a group of passengers on the For. Erie ferry-boat at Buffalo.

The group nodded assent.

Well, there's quite a story connected with those trees, he continued. Some years ago there lived in a house in Buffalo, overlooking the river, a very wealthy banker, whose only daughter was beloved by a young surgeon. The old man was inclined to question the professional skill of young rod-and-level, and to put him to the test he directed him to set out on the Dominion shore a row of trees no two of which should be any farther apart than any other two.

The trial proved the lover's inefficiency, and forthwith he was forbidden the house, and in despair he drowned himself in the river. Perhaps some of you gentlemen with keen eyes can tell which two trees are farthest apart.

The group took a critical view of the situation, and each member selected a different pair of trees. Finally, after much discussion, an appeal was made to the solemn-faced stranger to solve the problem.

The first and the last, said he, calmly, resuming his cigar and walking off with the air of a sage.

I was cured of Bronchitis and Asthma by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MRS. A. LIVINGSTON.

I was cured of a severe attack of Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Mahone Bay. JOHN MADER.

I was cured of a severely sprained leg by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

JOSHUA A. WYNACHT.

Bridgewater.

Diamond Cut Diamond

The smile Hebrew stood on the door of his second-hand clothing emporium. A weasel-eyed man approached him and said, confidentially: See that second-hand shop a little lower down on the other side?

Yes, I see.

And that drab Newmarket coat?

Yes.

Well, I want that coat, but I ain't going to pay the dealer's price for it because I am too fly for that. Now, you're a Jew, and you can cut the other fellow down and make a bit yourself. He'll ask at least a quid for that coat. Here's twelve-and-six. If you buy the coat for half a quid you make half a dollar. Is it a deal?

Mr. Levi clutched the coins and darted down the road. Two minutes later he was back with the coveted coat.

Good oldiky Mo! roared the weasely-eyed man. Thought you'd pull it off. Cleared a bit yourself, shouldn't you?

Well, ma tear young gent, replied Mr. Levi, ash dot vas ma pranch shop and der price of der otercoat was only seven-and-sixpence, I think I am shopt five shillings in on der deal!

A Paris cabman found a splendid turbot that had been left in his cab. He went at once to the Commissary of Police.

Very good, my friend, said the latter, come back again in a year and a day, and if, in the meantime, the turbot has not been claimed, it shall be yours.

In a quiet village in Suffolk there was held a celebration in the school-room at the dedication of a new fire-engine. It was a giddy evening, with three speeches by local clergymen, and a Tariff Reform oration by a bald-headed politician.

The gem of the evening was the following toast: May she (the fire-engine) be like the dear old maids of our village—always ready, but never called for!

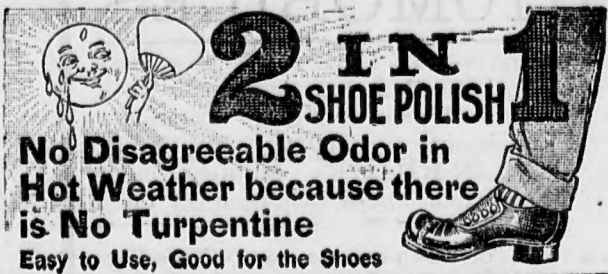
At the Tiller

A sailor on leave was about to escort his best girl across the road, an off-shoot of a busy thoroughfare in London, when an omnibus came bowling round the corner, and they had a narrow escape from being upset. The sailorman poured out the vitals of his wrath upon the conductor.

What's the use of takin' to me? cried the conductor; I ain't drivin' am I?

No, replied the salt, but you're steerin' ain't yer?

Sir Herbert Tree says that the harp is the proper instrument for women, and not the trombone. They must not try to play first fiddle.



2 IN 1 SHOE POLISH

No Disagreeable Odor in Hot Weather because there is No Turpentine

Easy to Use, Good for the Shoes

EDDY'S LATEST MATCH---

Safe—Silent
Non-Poisonous
---The new "Ses-qui"

The only matches of the kind in Canada. The "tips" are positively harmless. You or your children can bite or swallow them without danger. Sold in two sizes—regular and pocket. Protect yourself by using none but Eddy's new "Ses-qui"

Ask Your Dealer

Paul Jones' Promise

After the great fight in which John Paul Jones in the Bonhomme Richard made splinters and shreds of the British vessels Serapis the English government generously decided that, though vanquished beyond a question the captain of the lost vessel had behaved with becoming bravery and deserved promotion to the rank of commodore. Paul Jones heard of this promotion and its cause and said: Well, by George! If I ever meet that chap again I'll make him an admiral.

Billiards in India

In India billiards flourishes in a remarkable manner. Every native who is in a position to please himself has a table for the use of his friends and himself. Nearly all the native palaces have billiard rooms in their palaces, and more than a few play quite a good game.

You drank too much punch at the reception yesterday.

Who saw me drink too much punch? It wasn't necessary to total up. When I came in you were holding an animated conversation with a piano lamp.

Man in Street Car (caustically)—I am glad to see your baby has shut up, madam.

Mother—Yes, sir. You're the only thing that's pleased him since he saw the animals out at the Park.

That house I have rented from you, said the dissatisfied tenant, is horribly draughty. When I was sitting in the middle of the room, my hair blew all over my face. Can't you do something?

Don't you think, sir, replied the house agent, suavely, it would be easier and cheaper for you to get your hair cut?

Reduced by Asthma.—The constant strain of asthma brings the patient to a dreadful state of hopeless exhaustion. Early use should by all means be made of the famous Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which more than any other acts quickly and surely on the air passages and brings blessed help and comfort. No home where asthma is present in the least degree should be without this great remedy.

Campaign for New Industries at Macleod

Macleod, Alta.—There is no better country in the world than the West, said President William Taylor of the Owen Sound, Ontario, board of trade, after his recent visit to Macleod and other leading Alberta centres. What you want in the West now is manufacturing and mixed farming. The West is in advance of the East in the matter of laying out cities and planning broader streets, thereby insuring ample room for street cars and trams. Western roadways are of the best, concluded the Owen Sound capitalist, and their public buildings are splendid. That the Macleod board of trade is in full accord with the views stated, especially in regard to the encouragement of manufacturing enterprises, is indicated from the progress of present negotiations now being handled by Industrial Commissioner W. C. A. Moffatt.

Chicago is contemplating the installation of a \$6,000,000 high-pressure water system for fire purposes.

Symptoms Warn to Remove the Cause

The ordinary doctor spends his efforts in arresting symptoms rather than removing the cause of trouble. He is often compelled to do this against his better judgment in order to satisfy the demands of his patients.

Symptoms are removed at a dreadful expense to the organs of the body. As an example, consider the effect on the nervous system of drugs so powerful as to immediately stop head-aches and other bodily pains.

The reaction is most exhausting on the system, and the result is that the pains and aches return, and the system constantly grows weaker and weaker.

To get well and keep well use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food until the blood is rich and red, the nerves steady and the body filled with health and vigor.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

50 cents a box, 6 to \$2.50, at all dealers, or Edmonson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Ltd., Toronto.

Do you need Menzy? Send for our application forms. Do you need Land? Send for our list and terms. Do you need an Executor? Send for our Will forms supplied free. Do you need an Administrator? Confer with us if deceased left no Will. Do you need an Assignee? Confidential interview invited and best advice given without fee. Agents wanted in all Unrepresented Districts

Apply to—**The Standard Trusts Company,** directing your letter simply to its offices in

Winnipeg, Saskatoon, Edmonton, or Vancouver

According to locality in which you live

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AUTOMOBILES

With the advent of 1913 many new cars are noted on the Canadian markets. Both new and old show many refinements and improvements over 1912.

McLAUGHLIN-BUICK builders have made good their claim to a country built car.

A car built for our none-to-good Canadian roads.

A car fitted with all the latest improvements.

The prices are moderate. Careful comparison is invited with the higher priced cars and especially with cheap cars whose makers base their extravagant claims of present worth on what their cars have not, instead of what they have. We also have some excellent values in rebuilt cars repainted and overhauled.

Call or write for price lists.

McLEOD BROS., Gleichen

How To Kill Gophers Quick, Sure, Cheap

The next time you are in town, visit this store and we'll tell you all about Mickelson's Kill-Em-Quick Gopher Poison. You will be interested because it means an increase of \$50 to \$100 on every 40 acres of grain you sow.

Mickelson's Kill-Em-Quick Gopher Poison is guaranteed—your money back if it fails to do as you expect. It's the surest, quickest, cheapest way to kill every gopher on your farm. There is so much to tell you about it that we want you to come—for your own sake.

The prices are \$50, 75c and \$1.25 per box. The \$1.25 box contains twice as much as the 75c box and is enough to kill 4,000 gophers.

.....FOR SALE AT.....

Gleichen Pharmacy

EMERSON

HIGH LIFT MOWER

HAVING taken the agency for this high-class Mower, will be pleased to show and explain its qualities to all interested.

R. M. JOHNSTON

Agent for All Kinds of Farm Implements
Namaka, Alberta

The Town of Gleichen, Alberta

In the Matter of the Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Town of Gleichen.

TAKE NOTICE that His Honor, Judge Carpenter, Judge of the District Court of the District of Calgary has appointed Friday, the twenty-ninth (29) day of August, A. D. 1913, at the hour of 10.30 a. m., in the Court House at Calgary, for the holding of the Court of Confirmation to confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Town of Gleichen.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that the following are interested in

NAME	ADDRESS	LOT	BLOCK	ARREARS OF TAXES
Bell, Mrs. Elizabeth	Strathcona (St. Edmonton)	41-42	H	\$ 15.80
Cameron, D. L.	"	1-2	E	17.32
Campbell, J. R.	P.O. Box 70, West Summerland, B.C.	14-15	B	31.50
Griesbach, E.	Gleichen	21-33	1	81.90
Griesbach, E.	"	27-32	2	61.42
Griesbach, E.	"	10-21	6	94.50
Griesbach, E.	"	14-17	10	47.25
Griesbach, E.	"	7-12	22	37.80
Griesbach, E.	"	18-24	6	54.70
Griesbach, E.	"	1-20	11	158.02
Holme, G. S.	Ignisfalk	9-11	1	60.63
Higgins, A. C.	Field, B. G.	28-24	8	23.02
Institute, Young People's	"	4-7	M	71.40
Keesling, H.	"	15-17	20	10.08
Moss, Geo., Jr.	Gleichen	9-10	A	25.20
Miller, Mrs. E.	Strathmore	8	20	9.71
Mortimer, F. G. C.	Gleichen	10-11	G	17.32
Pilant, M. J.	Gleichen	34-35	1	23.02
Snowden, T.	Ouletville	6	4	78.75
Winkfield, Geo.	Calgary	25	3	48.93
Wishart, D. C.	Gleichen	21-24	3	162.03

Dated this Twelfth day of June, A. D. 1913

J. TAIT JOHNSTON,

Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of Gleichen

George Cameron, ledger-keeper at the local branch Bank of Commerce, has been transferred to the Mount Royal branch, Calgary. Mr. Breene of that branch, follows Mr. Cameron here.

Mrs. Holden and little girl, of Montreal, spent several days visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Henderson in Gleichen last week, who accompanied them to Banff returning home Monday, Mrs. Holden continuing her journey to Vancouver.

Gleichen's Meteorological Report

The following weather report is supplied by J. W. Jowett, who is officially appointed by the Dominion Government:

	Max.	Min.
July 23.....	77	52
24.....	82	50
25.....	75	51
26.....	78	48
27.....	80	46
28.....	76	43
29.....	60	45

TOWN AND DISTRICT

Exhibition, August 7 and 8.

Sunday school picnic, Thursday, August 14.

Gleichen Exhibition next Thursday and Friday.

How many entries have you made for the Gleichen exhibition.

Master Henry Hurd left Monday to join his mother at Kaslo, B. C.

Mrs. Service and daughter have returned from a short vacation at Banff.

Miss E. Bell Larkin has been visiting friends at Banff since last Thursday.

We are pleased to see that Master Keith Pinder is able to be around town once more.

Chief Chas. Marshall is improving nicely and is able to be around town once more.

B. Bryant, of the Imperial Bank, Calgary, spent his holidays at the Jas. H. Walker home.

Miss Blanch Miller, of Calgary, was a recent visitor at the home of her uncle, Jas. H. Walker.

Already our farmers are looking out for good harvest hands. This is some indication of a fair crop.

Our implement men report business quite brisk the past week and some are beginning to wonder if they will be able to meet the demand.

If you know of a news item, tell it to the CALL. There are many items which are impossible for us to secure without assistance of our friends.

Mrs. Roblin, of Brighton, Ontario, spent a couple of days last week visiting Mrs. T. Henderson. Mrs. Roblin is a niece of Premier Roblin of Manitoba.

James H. Walker had as guests last week his sister, Mrs. J. H. Lyons and son, who were enroute from Revelstoke B. C. to Winnipeg and Fort William.

Jas. Ryan arrived a week ago from Winnipeg accompanied by his wife and daughter, and after a visit to his Two Bar ranch, with Mrs. J. W. Burr left for a short visit to Banff.

Miss Wright arrived from Owen Sound, Ontario, on a visit to her relatives Mr. J. H. Gooderham and family. Many of her Gleichen friends are pleased to meet her again after about two years' absence.

Union Sunday School services will be held promptly at 10 o'clock a. m., instead of in the afternoon, as has been the custom in the past. All are welcome. At the service last Sunday a committee was appointed to make preliminary arrangements for a picnic in the near future.

Contractor E. A. Wyndham, of Buffalo, spent Monday night and Tuesday in Gleichen. Ernie says that when he signs "Buffalo" on the register he has fun in plenty. Some look at him and take him for a Yankee, but the old-timers ask when he quit ranching, and other questions.

Some of our farmers have the joke on a local insurance agent who neglected his own crop. The agent claims this an excellent example of why everyone should carry hail insurance. Herb is ever ready to write a policy and with actual experience can give good sound advice.

Geo. Purvis spent a couple of days last week in and about Gleichen with a view to taking a number of the Blackfoot Indians to the Winnipeg Stampede. It is stated that the authorities here were willing to allow the Indians off the reserve who had no crops to look after or other work that required immediate attention, but that the Indians who go must do so on their own initiative and responsibility. This may be taken to mean that only the old Indians and squaws and children incapable of work will be allowed to go. When approached the local authorities stated they did not care to discuss the subject as they had received no instructions concerning the matter.

Just one week until the Gleichen Exhibition opens.

The Department of Neglected Children at Edmonton is anxious to receive applications for a number of girls suitable for housework. A list of twelve or fourteen girls, who are capable of doing good work in homes are available. Country homes are preferred for these girls as in most cases they are orphans without close friends or relatives. Applicants must produce good reference of character before a girl will be allowed to go to their homes, as it is most essential that the home surroundings should be of the best. A letter addressed to the Superintendent of Neglected Children, Credit Foncier Building, Edmonton, will bring complete information regarding any of these girls.

Dedicate First Mormon Temple

A Lethbridge despatch says that the site for the first Mormon temple to be built outside of the United States and an event, therefore, making an epoch in the life of the Church of Latter Day Saints, was dedicated Sunday at special services conducted at Cardston by some of the leading men of the church at Utah. Joseph F. Smith, president of the church; C. W. Penrose, 2nd councillor; George Smith, one of the twelve apostles, and C. W. Nibley, presiding bishop, came by special car from Salt Lake City, arriving at Cardston on Saturday night.

Services were held in the tabernacle at 10 and 2 o'clock, that building being taxed to its utmost, by an audience of over 1500 from over the whole Mormon district. At the conclusion of the afternoon meeting the large choir and congregation retired to a spot just west of the tabernacle where appropriate hymns were sung by the whole concourse.

President Smith then pronounced the dedicatory prayer, dedicating the spot for the purpose of erecting a temple to the Lord.

The main theme of President Smith's address during the day was his assurance to the world that nothing would be carried on in the temple contrary to the law of the land. He also strongly emphasized the excellence of British institutions, British government, British law and British justice. He especially mentioned in this connection the strict and desirable observance of Sabbath noted in Canada, in comparison with the laxity prevalent on the other side of the international boundary.

The official party went to Raymond Monday morning, where a conference was held before returning to Utah.

Notice of Judicial Sale

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the order of the Master in Chambers made on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1913, that there will be sold by public auction at the Town Hall, in the Town of Gleichen, in the Province of Alberta, at the hour of 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon on Saturday, the 23rd day of August A. D. 1913, the southwest 1/4 of Section 12, Township 19, Range 21, west of the Fourth Meridian, containing 160 acres more or less.

The said quarter-section is situated three and a half miles from the nearest post-office at Milo, about twenty miles from the nearest railway station and elevator at Chumy, and twenty-five miles distant from the Town of Gleichen.

There is on the said quarter-section a dwelling house and two small stables valued at about \$300.

The whole of the said quarter-section has been broken but no portion of the land is in crop this season.

The whole of the said quarter-section has been fenced, although the fence is said to be not in very good repair at the present time.

The property will be sold subject to a reserved bid fixed by the Master in Chambers.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent to be deposited at the time of the sale with the Plaintiff's Solicitors and the balance to be paid into Court to the credit of this action within sixty days after the date of sale without interest.

Further particulars will be furnished upon application to the Solicitors for the Plaintiff or to the Auctioneer. Dated at Calgary, Alberta this 21st day of July, A. D. 1913
McLEAN & FORD
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

THE BUSY STORE



Don't blame the cook if the bread is not good, it may be the fault of the flour.

Flour may look smooth and white when you buy it, (due to the introduction of chemicals), but bake this variety up and see how she goes.

Another Car Famous Robin Hood

Flour arrived this week, also including a big assortment of KEYNOTE. The best flour in the west is universal reputation of Robin Hood and Keynote at \$3 per sack is becoming very popular. Every sack guaranteed.

These Are Fruit Days

Phone your orders. We are buying our immense quantities of B. C. fruit direct from the growers—at Calgary wholesale prices—you save the whole sale profit by buying from

J. A. Ramsay

McKie & Henderson



HOME SEEKERS—

Let us help you. A home of your own is perhaps one of the things you most desire. Of course, you realize that well-located real estate makes the very best kind of an investment. We can put you on the right track if you will consult us. We have some splendid properties on our present list. Call and look them over.

REAL ESTATE

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

School Shoes



We will be very glad to show you a good line of shoes for your Boys' and Girls' school wear.

If in need of anything in Children's shoes, come and see the most complete stock in town.

Take Advantage of our Adults' Shoe Stock

Ladies' Footwear—A Special House Slipper and shoe's easy for the feet.

Dress Boots, Shoes and Pumps in Tan, Gunmetal and Patent.

Gents' Footwear—Special in Men's Heavy Working Boots.

Dress Boots and Shoes in Tan, Gunmetal and Patent.

"Don't forget that Our Grocery Stock is always fresh"

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